Additional file 1: Supplementary figures

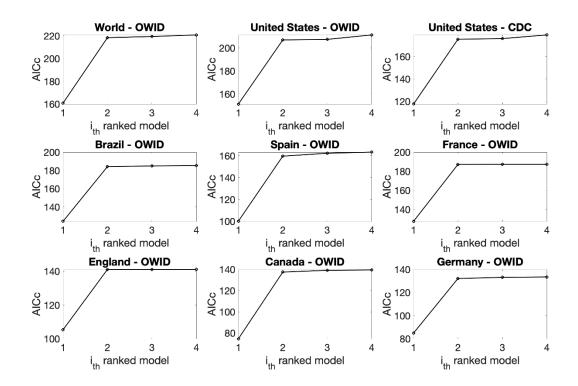


Figure 1s. AICc values of the top sub-epidemic models for the latest forecasts produced during the week of October 13th, 2022.

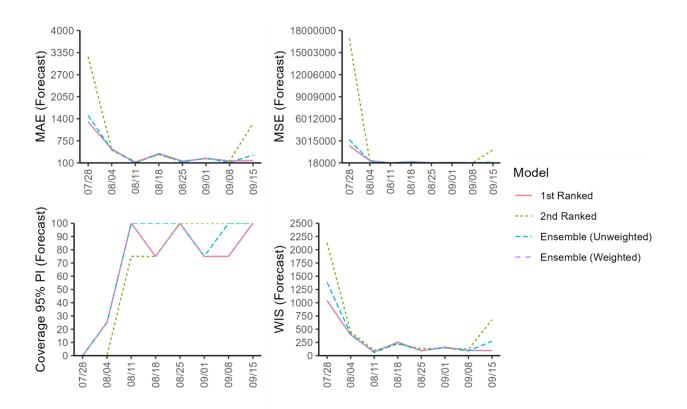


Figure 2s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for Brazil.

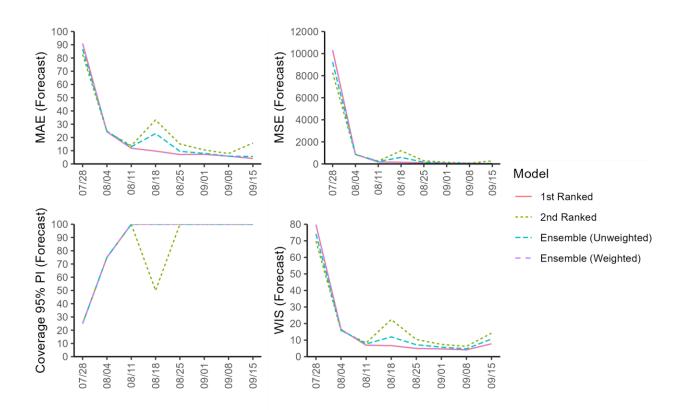


Figure 3s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for Canada.

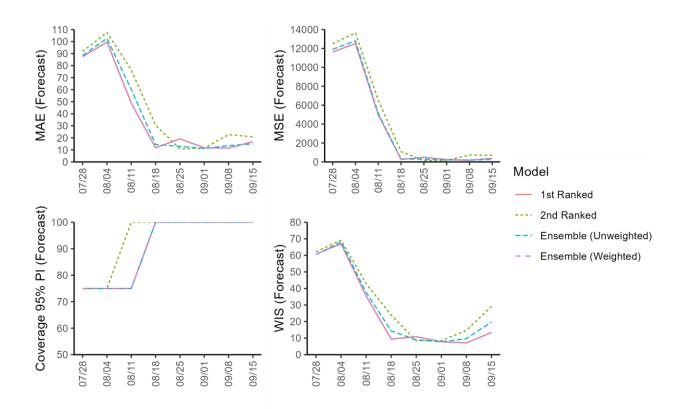


Figure 4s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for England.

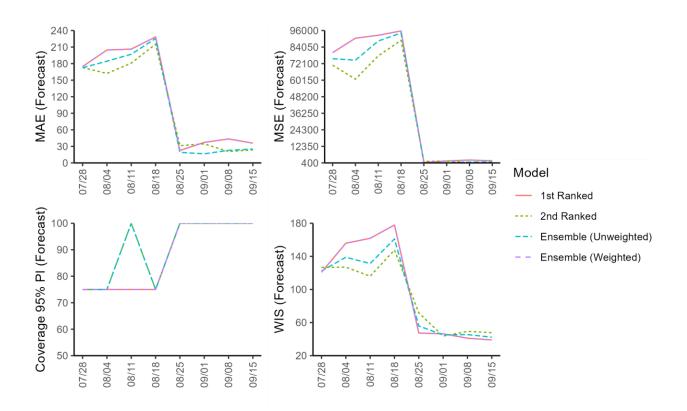


Figure 5s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for France.

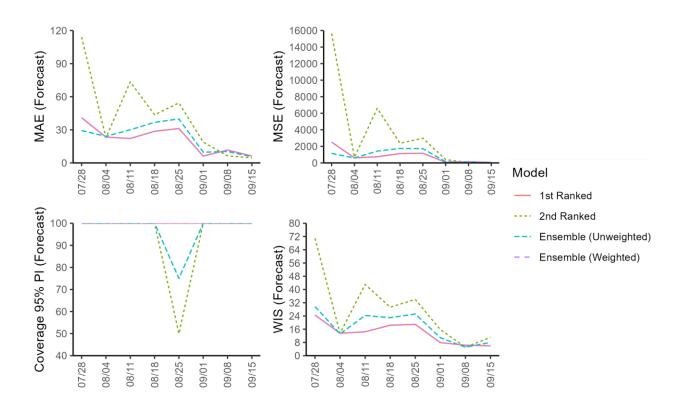


Figure 6s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for Germany.

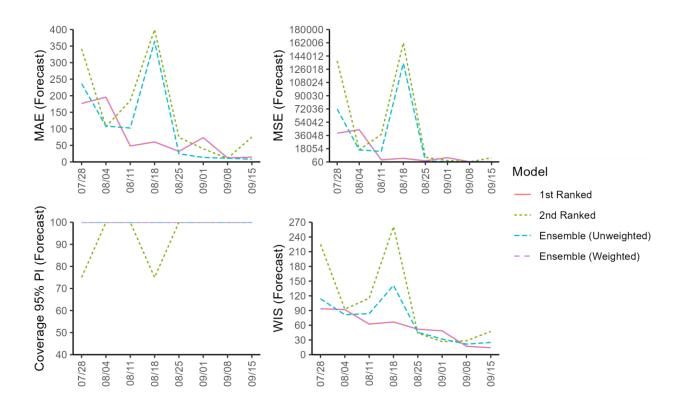


Figure 7s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for Spain.

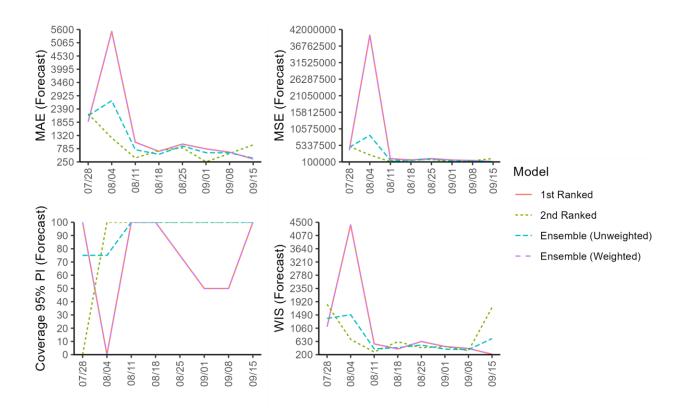


Figure 8s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for the United States (OWID).

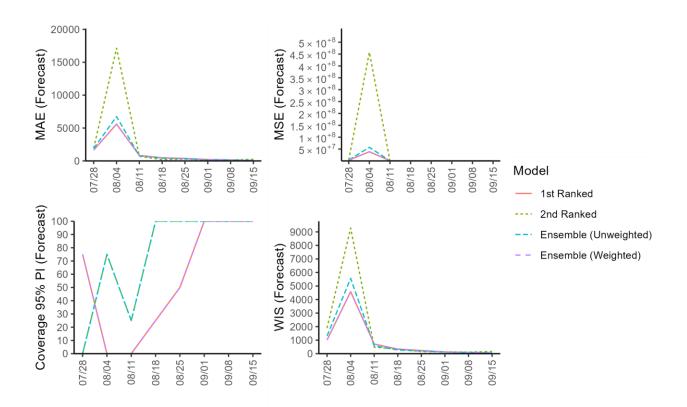


Figure 9s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for the United States (CDC).

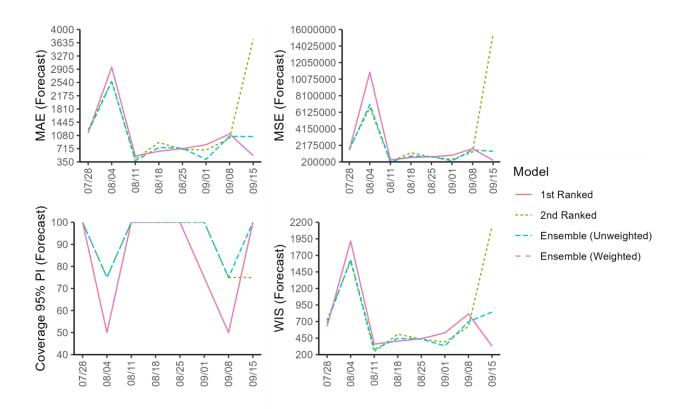


Figure 10s. Performance metrics of the forecasts generated by the sub-epidemic models across 8 sequential forecasting periods (Week of July 28th through the week of September 15th, 2022) for the World.

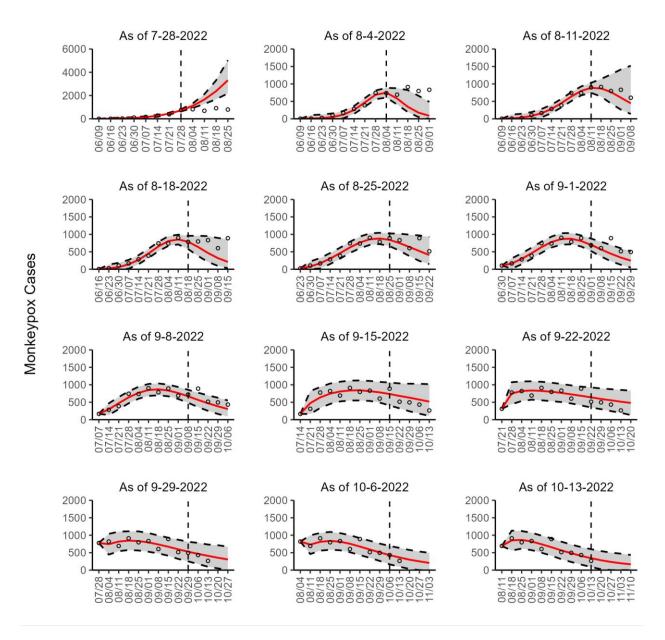


Figure 11s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Brazil. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked subepidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

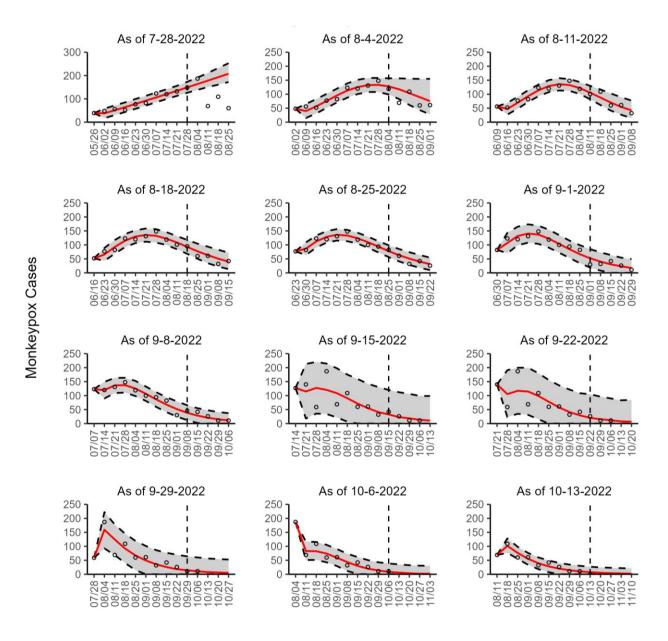


Figure 12s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Canada. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

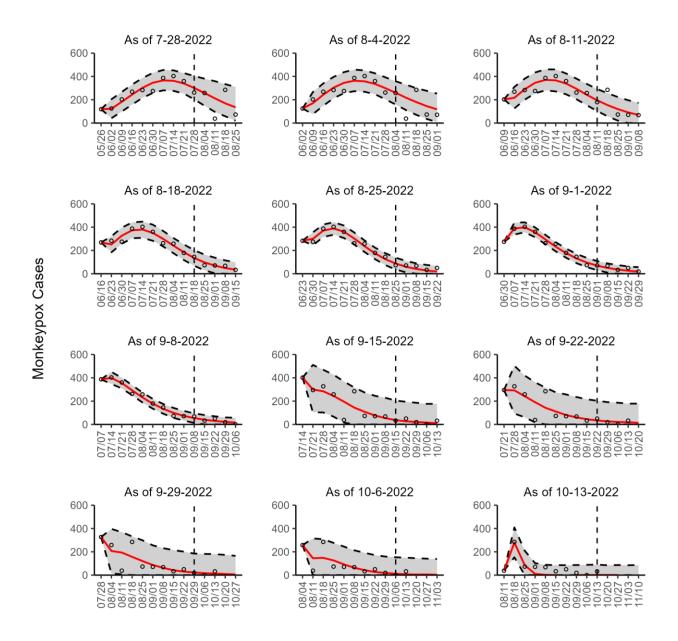


Figure 13s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for England. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

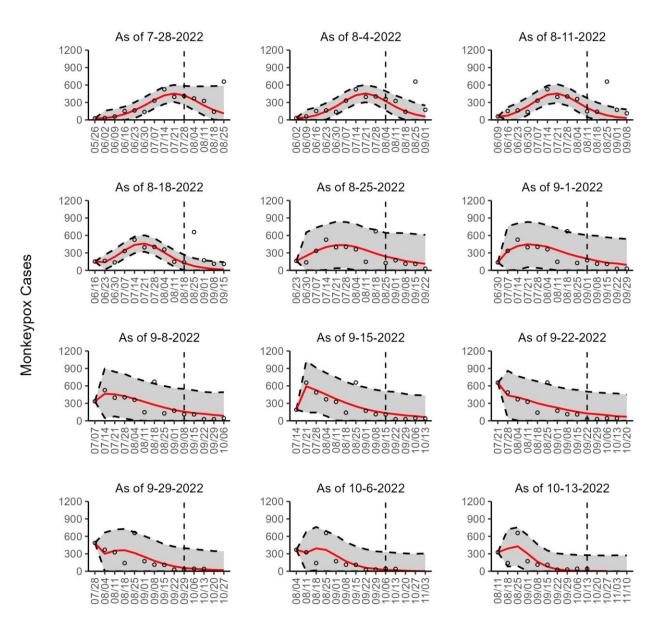


Figure 14s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for France. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked subepidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

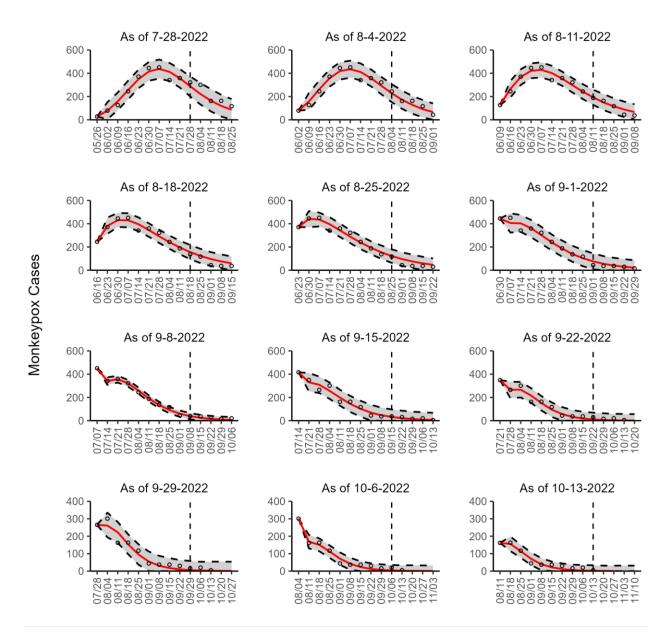


Figure 15s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Germany. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

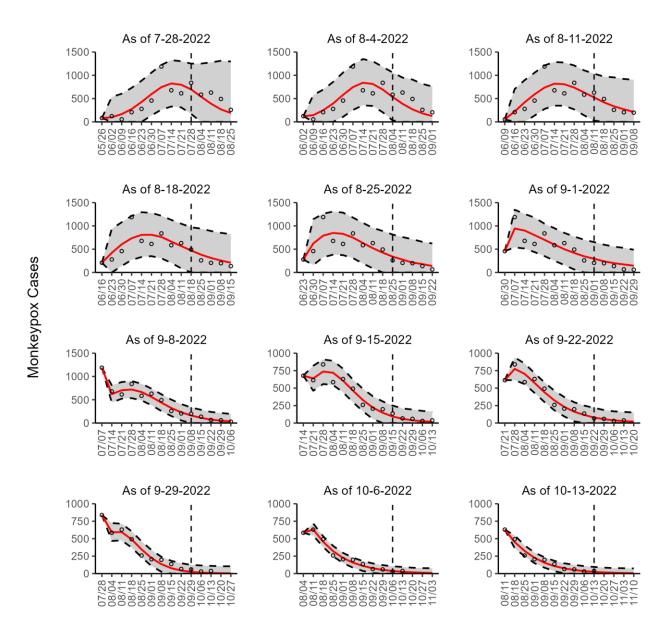


Figure 16s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Spain. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

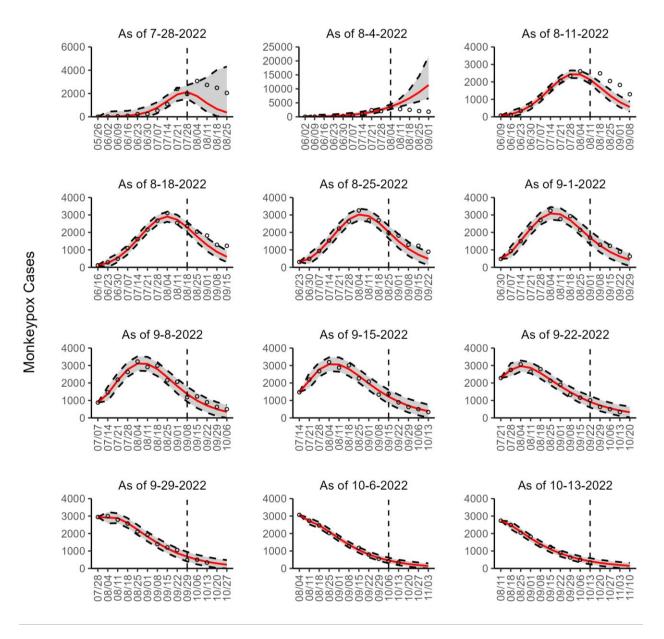


Figure 17s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the United States. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the CDC [24]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Wednesday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/19/2022) for the corresponding date.

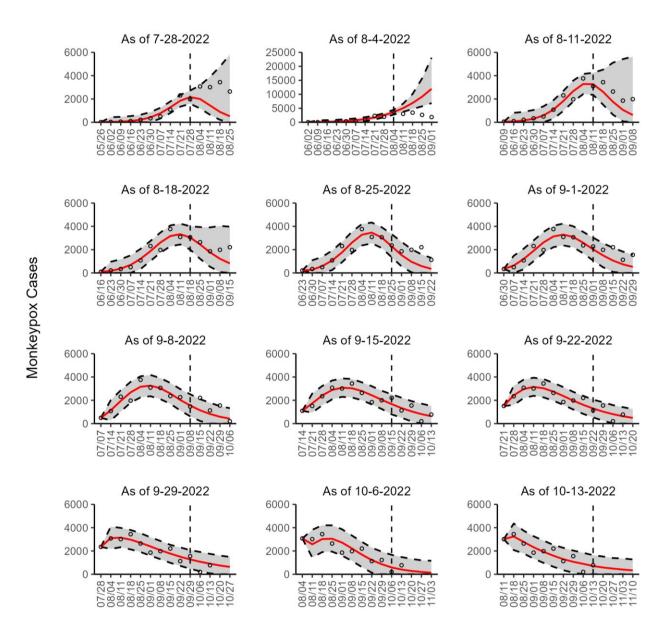


Figure 18s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the United States. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

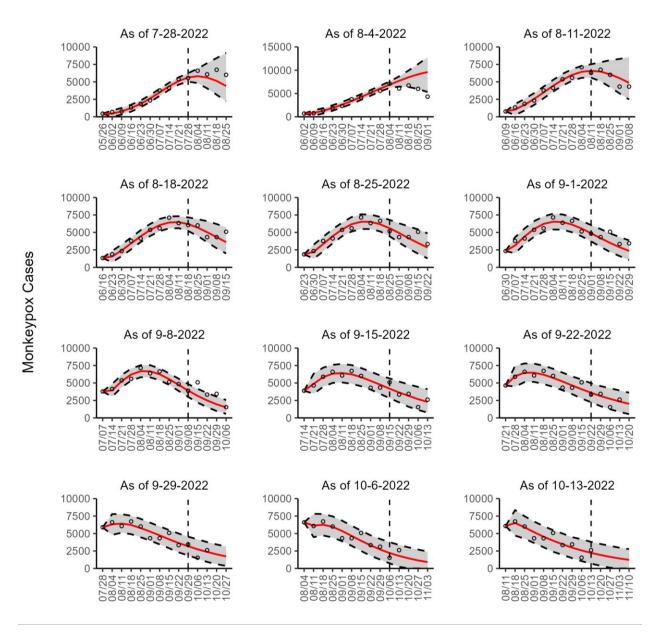


Figure 19s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the World. The forecasts are derived from the top-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

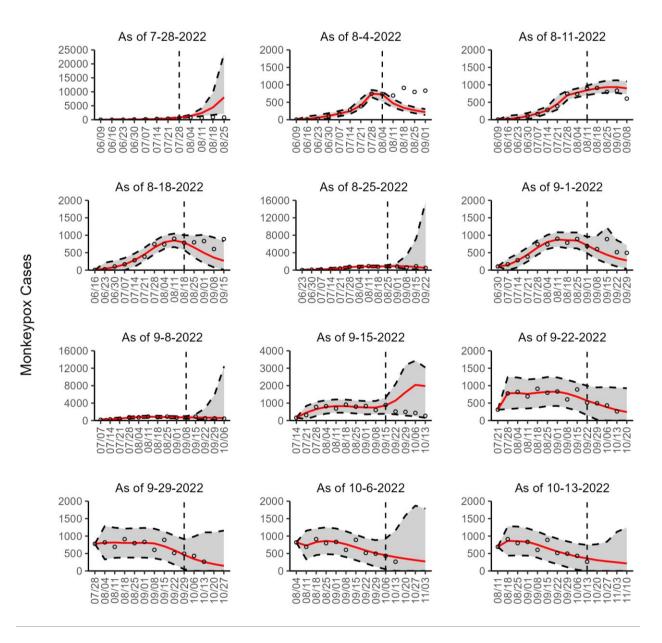


Figure 20s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Brazil. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

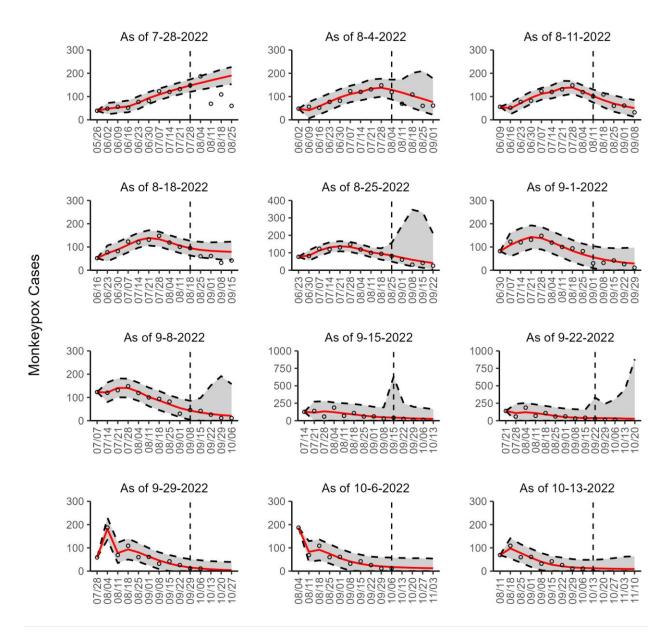


Figure 21s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Canada. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

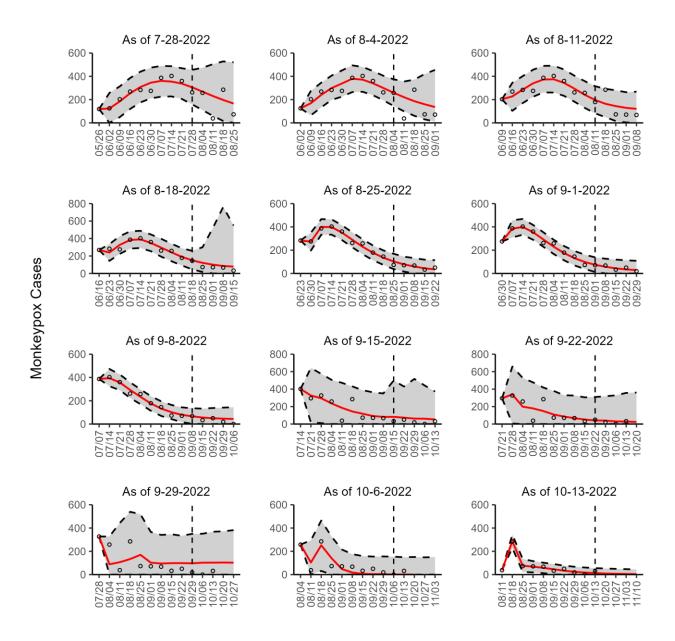


Figure 22s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for England. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

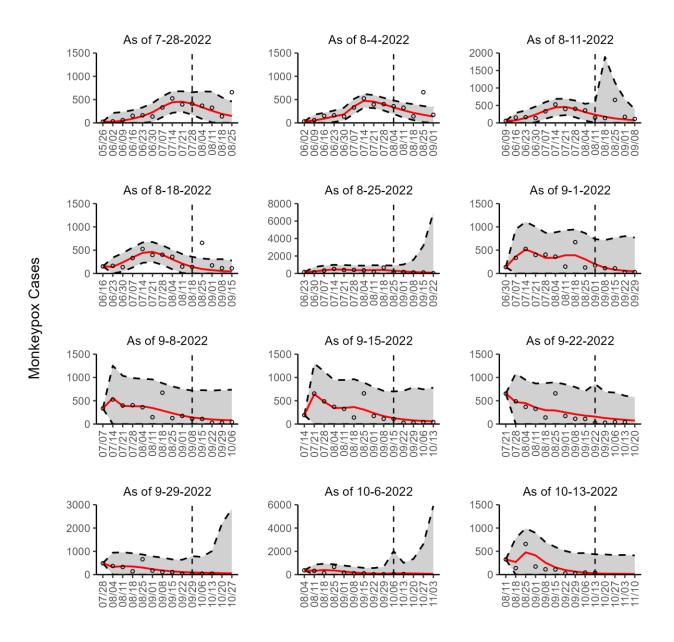


Figure 23s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for France. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

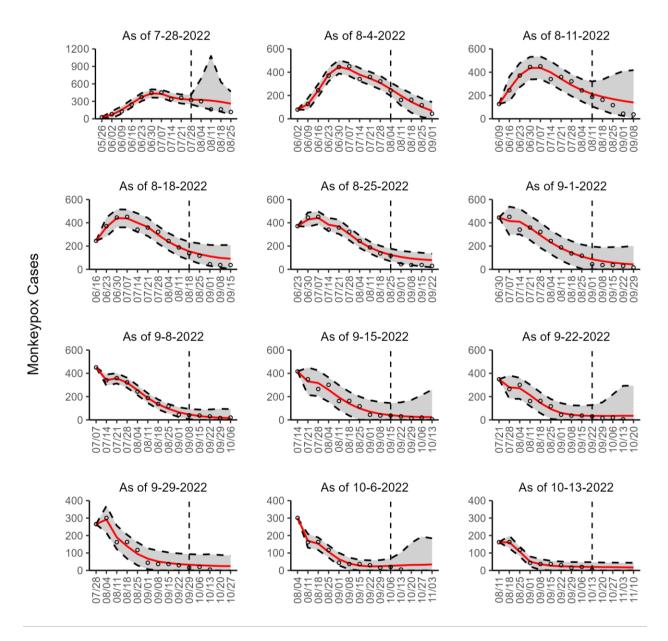


Figure 24s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Germany. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

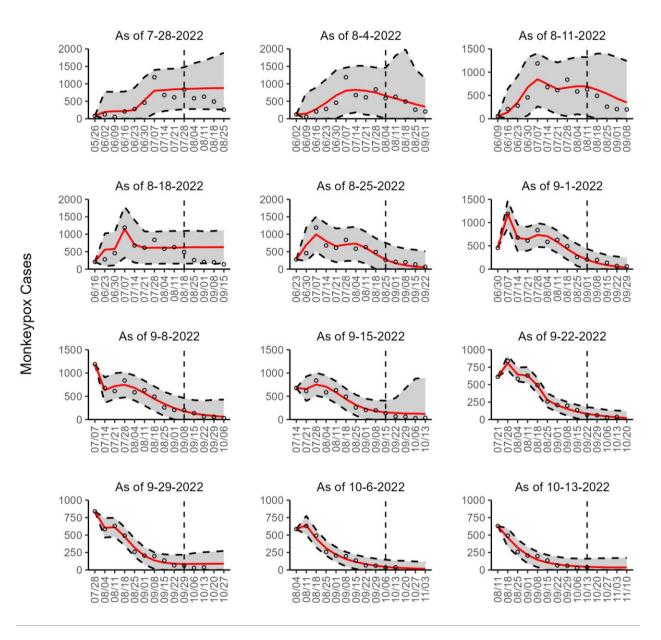


Figure 25s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for Spain. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

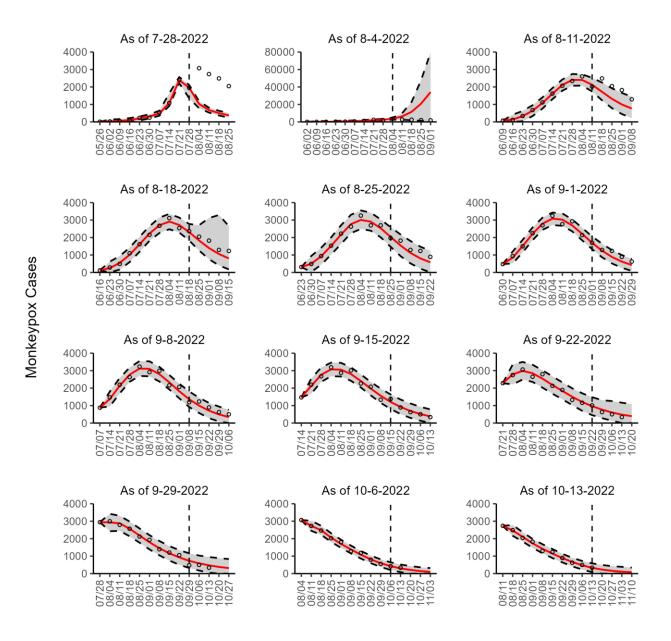


Figure 26s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the United States. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the CDC [24]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Wednesday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/19/2022) for the corresponding date.

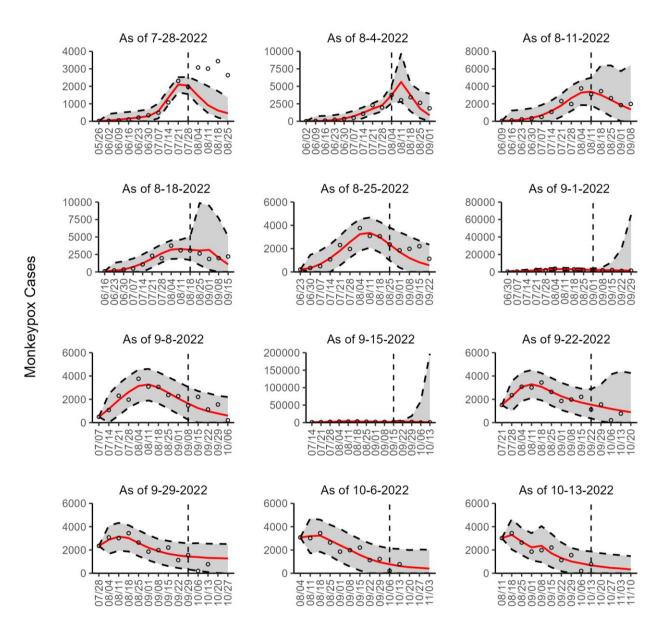


Figure 27s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the United States. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

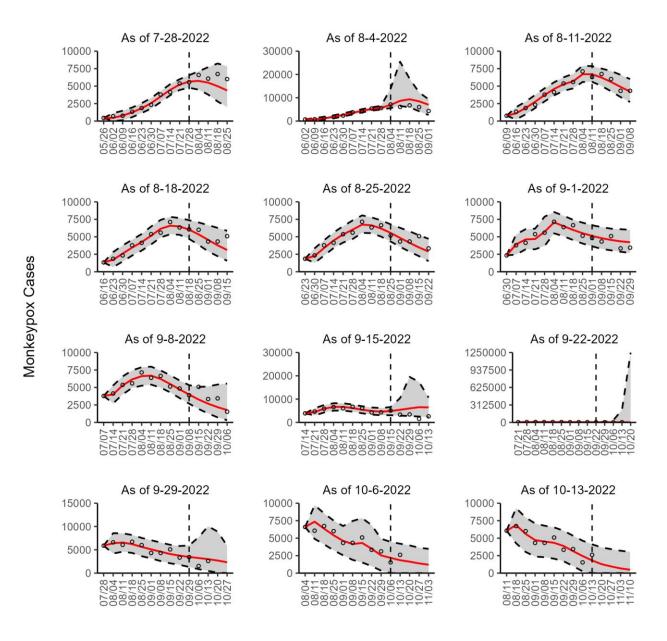


Figure 28s. The overlayed forecasted and reported monkeypox cases for the weeks of 7/28/2022 through the week of 10/13/2022 for the World. The forecasts are derived from the second-ranked sub-epidemic model using 10-week calibration data, and the reported cases are obtained from the OWID GitHub [25]. The black circles to the left of the vertical line represent the reported cases as of the Friday of the forecast period; the solid red line corresponds to the best fit model; the dashed black lines correspond to the 95% prediction intervals. The black circles to the right of the vertical line represent the reported case counts (as of 10/21/2022) for the corresponding date. The vertical dashed black line indicates the start of the forecast period. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

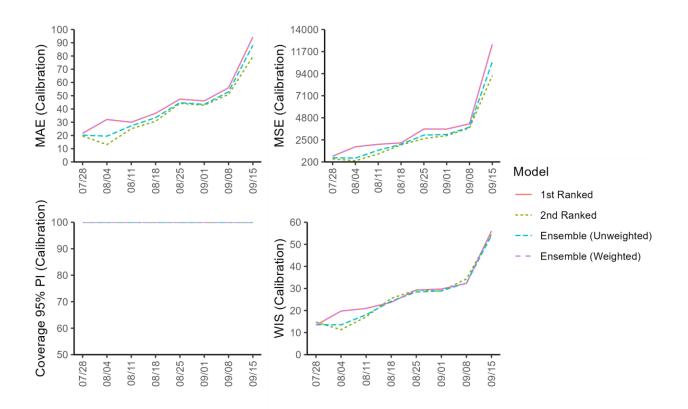


Figure 29s. Mean performance metrics for Brazil quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

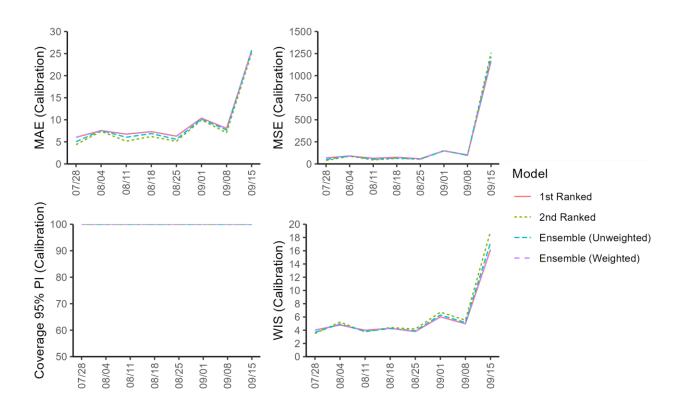


Figure 30s. Mean performance metrics for Canada quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

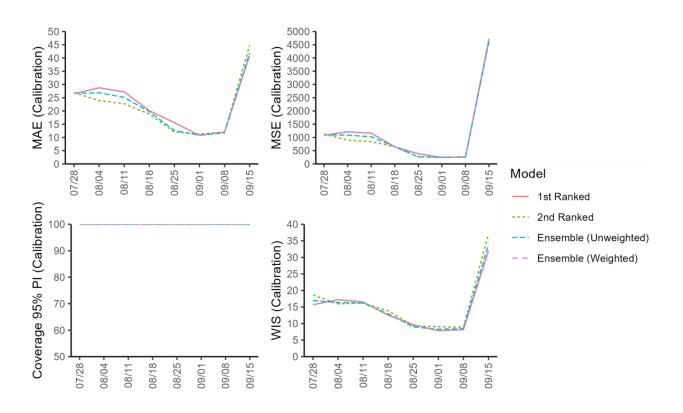


Figure 31s. Mean performance metrics for England quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

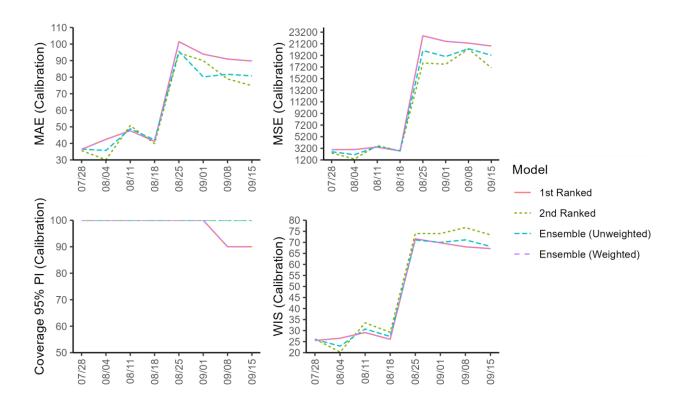


Figure 32s. Mean performance metrics for France quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

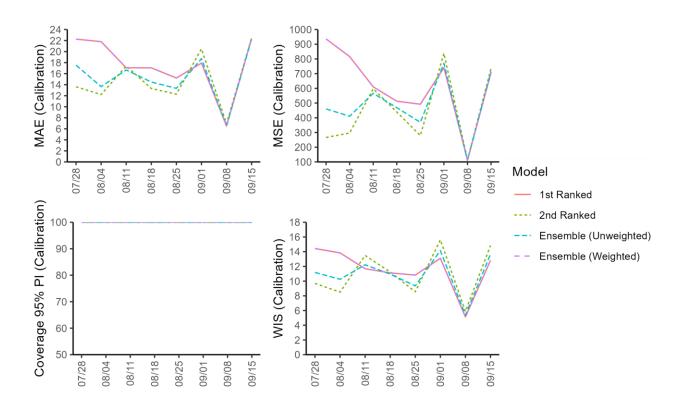


Figure 33s. Mean performance metrics for Germany quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

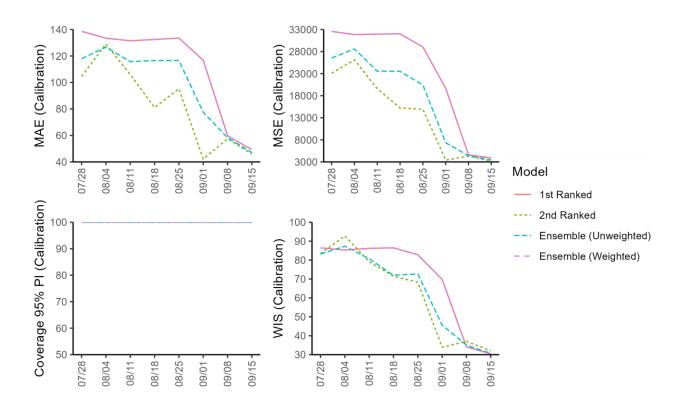


Figure 34s. Mean performance metrics for Spain quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

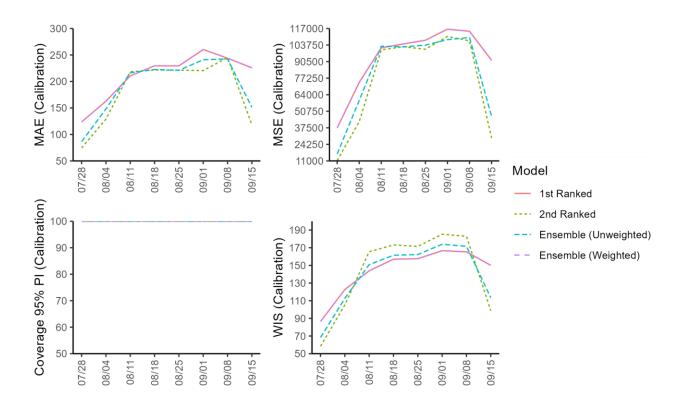


Figure 35s. Mean performance metrics for the United States quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

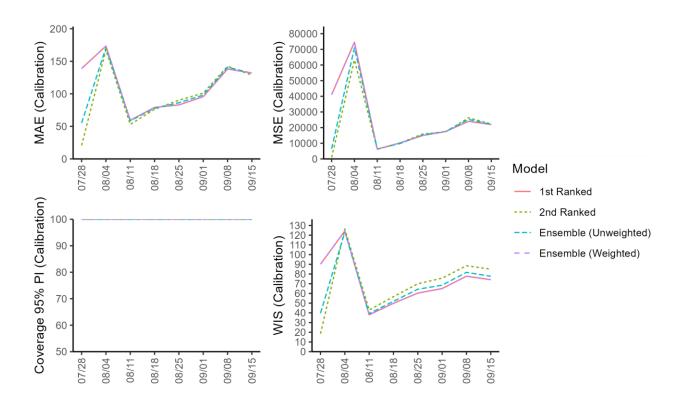


Figure 36s. Mean performance metrics for the United States quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the CDC team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

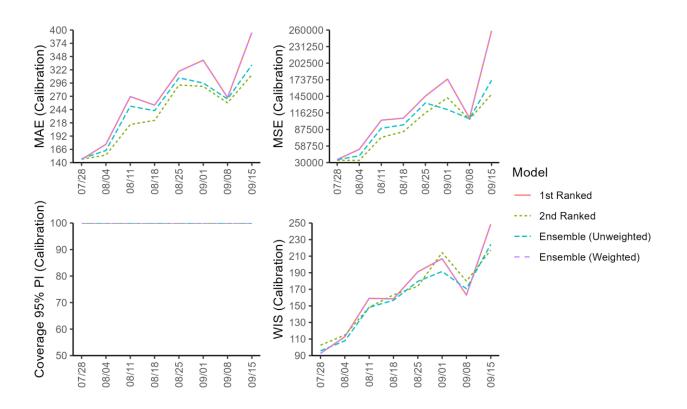


Figure 37s. Mean performance metrics for the World quantifying model fit across 20 sequential 10-week calibration periods (Week of May 26^{th} – October 13^{th} , 2022) using weekly timeseries data from the OWID team over each 8 forecasting periods. Only forecast periods in which observed data was available are included.

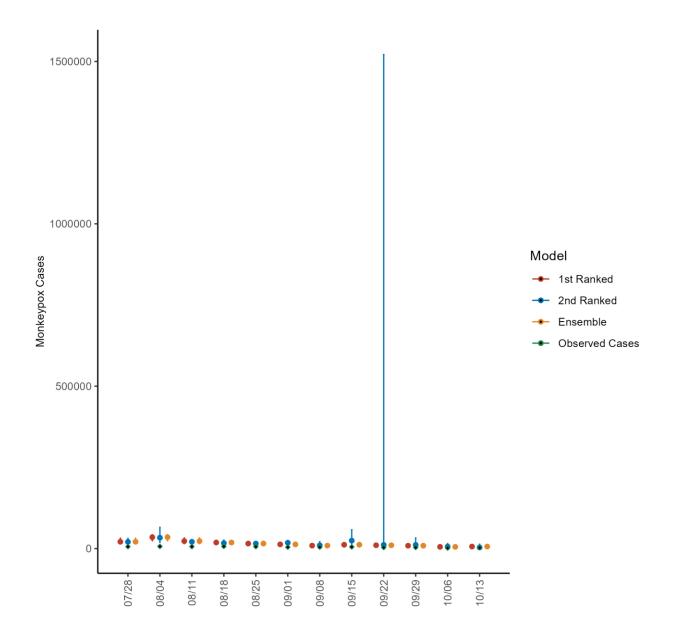


Figure 38s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for the World. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

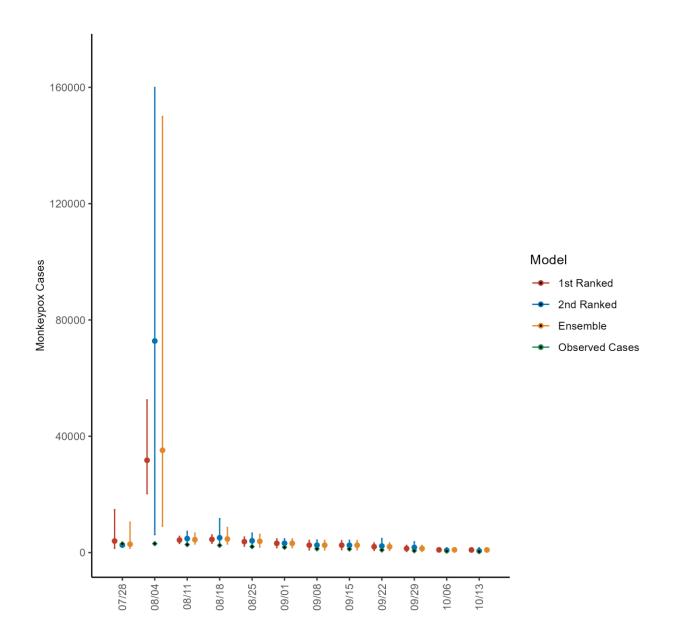


Figure 39s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for the United States. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the CDC as of 10/19/2022 [24].

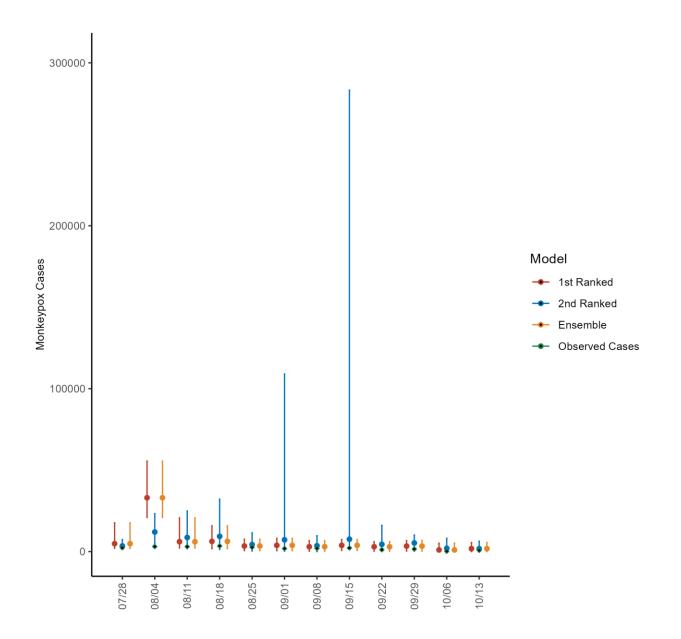


Figure 40s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for the United States. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

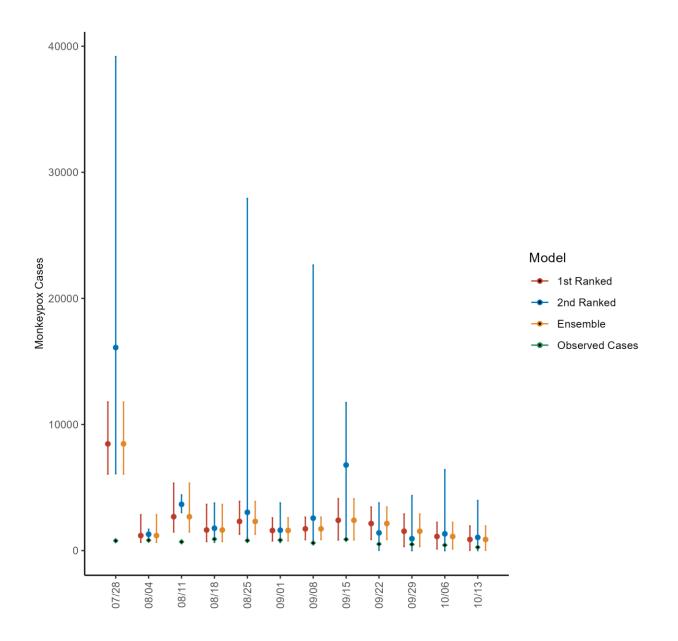


Figure 41s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for Brazil. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

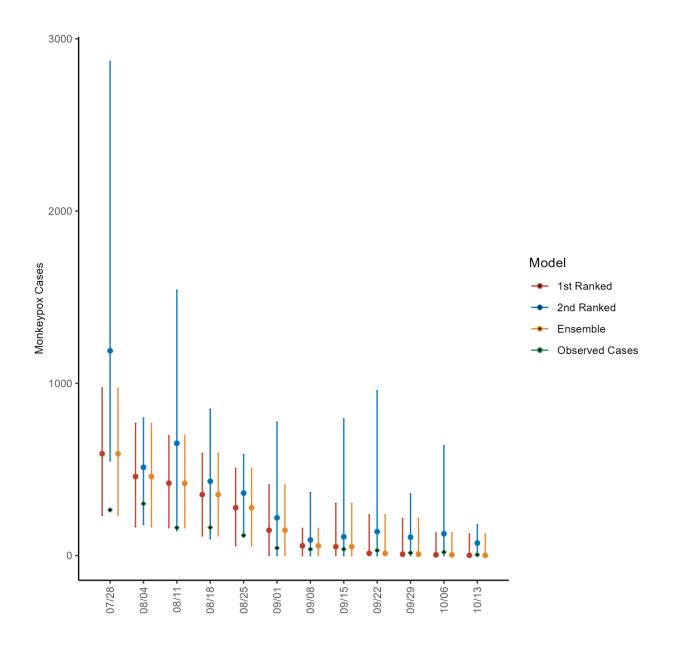


Figure 42s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for Germany. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

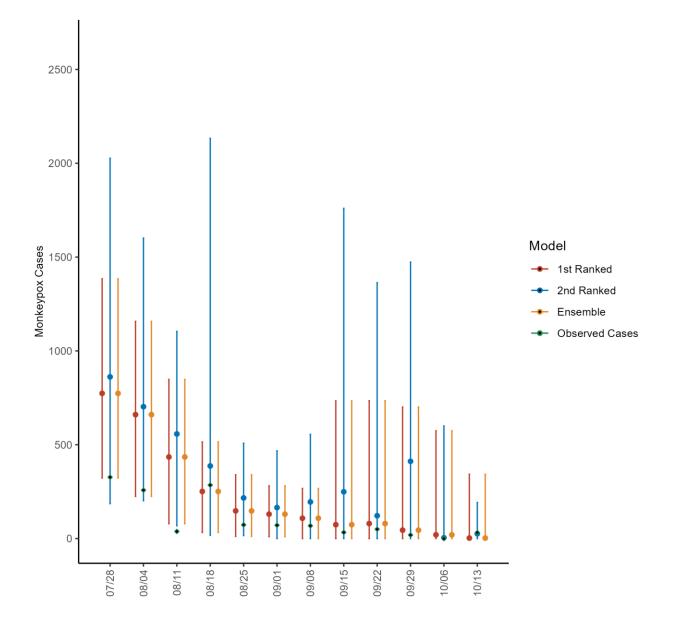


Figure 43s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for England. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

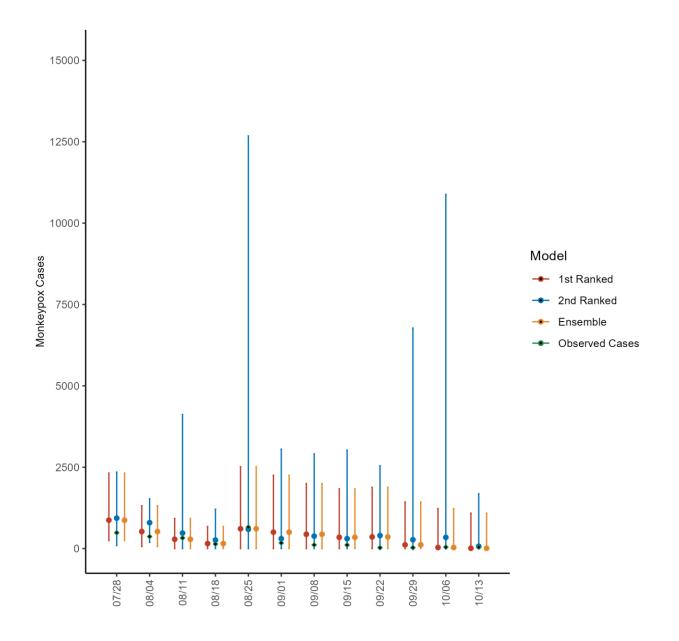


Figure 44s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for France. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

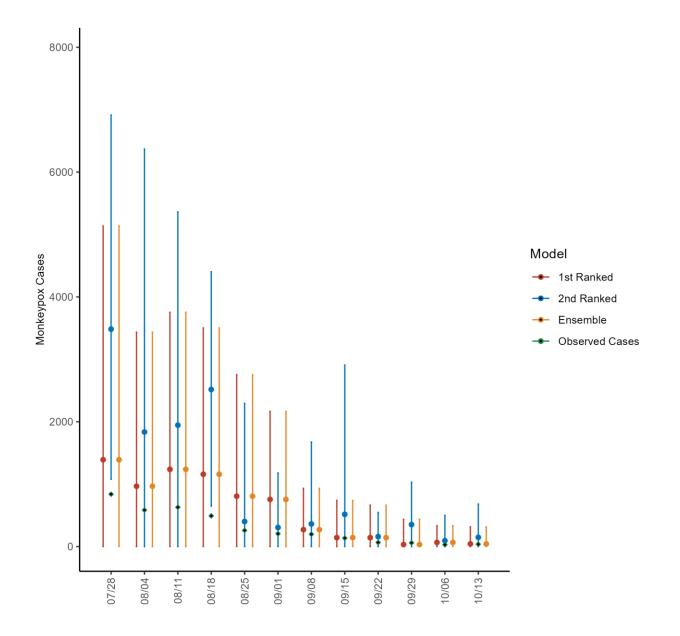


Figure 45s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for Spain. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.

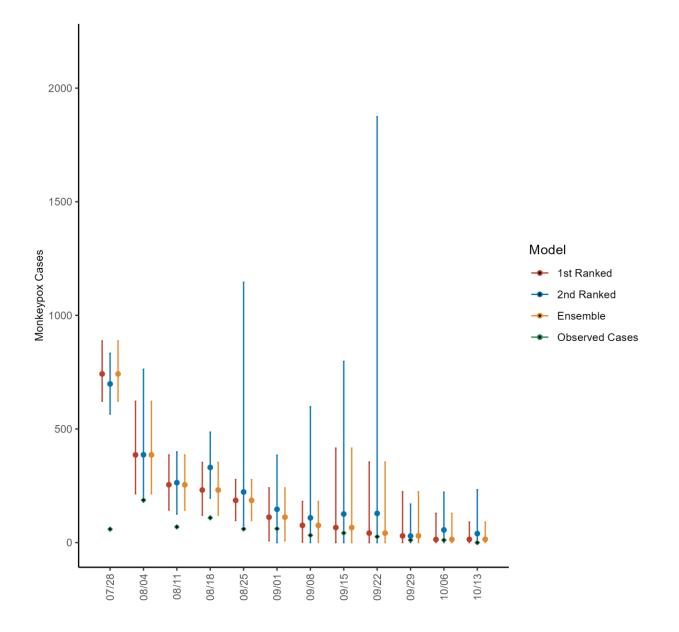


Figure 46s. Predicted cumulative number of new monkeypox cases for each of the 4-week ahead forecasts from the weeks of 7/28/2022 through 10/13/2022 based on a 10-week calibration period for Canada. The solid circles indicate the estimated cumulative median value, and the bars indicate the corresponding 95% prediction interval. The observed cases are as reported to the OWID team as of 10/21/2022 [25]. For the week of 7/28/2022, data posted by the OWID team on 8/9/2022 was used to produce the forecast as it was the earliest version of data available.