

[Supplemental material](#) „Early In-hospital Course of Critically Ill Nontraumatic Patients in a Resuscitation Room of a German Emergency Department (OBSERvE2-study)“ von Grahl C., Hartwig T., Weidhase L. et al. (2021) in *Der Anaesthetist*.

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**Supplemental Table 1: Resuscitation room admission criteria\*.[1]**

**Airway and breathing problems (“airway” and “breathing”)**

- airway obstruction (e.g. tongue swelling)
- respiratory insufficiency with high respiratory rate (with respiratory weakness) or low oxygen saturation
- necessity for invasive airway management
- invasive and non-invasive mechanical ventilation

**Circulation problems (“circulation”)**

- cardiovascular insufficiency (e.g. hypotension, shock of any origin)
- state after or under cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- dysrhythmias
- bleeding

**Unconsciousness or neurological deficit (“disability”)**

- ongoing unconsciousness of any origin

**Critical physical state (“environment”)**

- intoxication with an ABCDE problem
- rhabdomyolysis
- hypothermia

\*Additional other resuscitation room activation criteria may exist and activation depends on the attending physician in charge

[1] Bernhard M, Döll S, Hartwig T, et al. Resuscitation room management of critically ill nontraumatic-patients in a German emergency department (OBSERvE-Study). *Eur J Emerg Med* 2018; 25: e9-e17