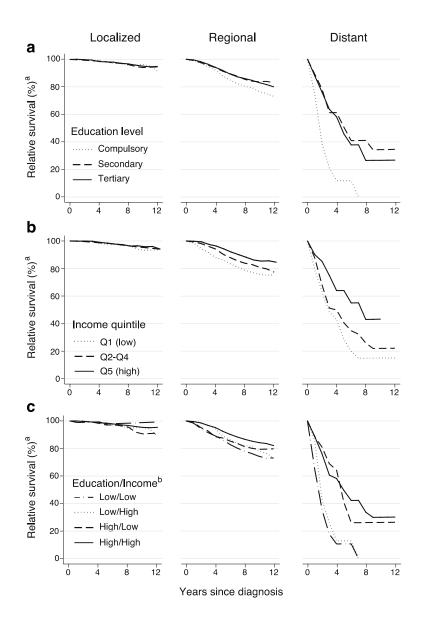
Online Resource 1

Non-parametric Pohar Perme estimates of stage-specific relative survival up to 12 years from diagnosis, by $\bf a$) education level, $\bf b$) income quintile and $\bf c$) combined education/income group. Patients diagnosed at 30-48 years during 2005-2015 (n = 4,985).



^aPohar Perme estimates of relative survival of breast cancer patients, compared to the expected survival of the Norwegian female population of the same age and calendar year as the patients.

^bEducation/Income group: Low/Low: Compulsory/Income quintile Q1; Low/High: Compulsory/Income quintiles Q2-Q5; High/Low: Secondary-Tertiary/Q1; High/High: Secondary-Tertiary/Q2-Q5.

Journal: Breast Cancer Research and Treatment

Title: Stage-specific survival has improved for young breast cancer patients since 2000: but not equally

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