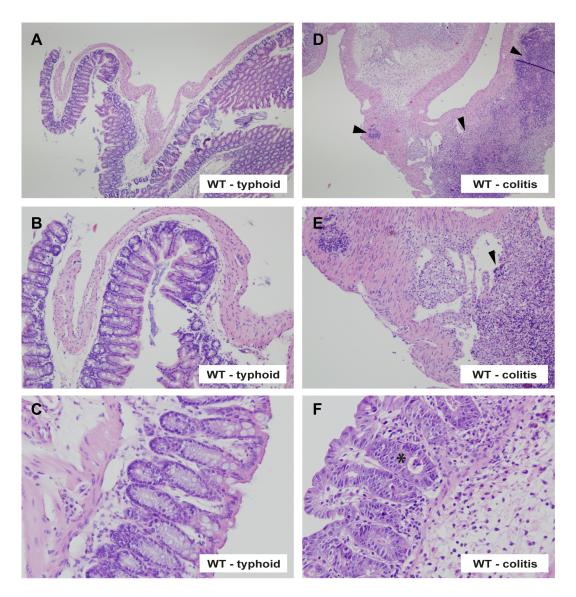
Additional file 1. Severe intestinal pathology seen in mice pretreated with streptomycin (colitis model) post infection with S. Typhimurium



Wild-type (WT) mice were starved for 12 h (typhoid fever model) or pretreated with streptomycin (colitis model) before infection with *S.* Typhimurium (10<sup>6</sup>) per os and sacrificed post-infection to assess intestinal pathology. Representative photographs of haemotoxylin and eosin (HE) stained slides are displayed of the cecum of the typhoid model (**A-C**) and colitis model (**D-F**) 4-5 days post infection. Original magnifications. ×4 (**A, D**), ×10 (**B, E**), and ×20 (**C, F**). Severe intestinal pathology characterized by neutrophil infiltration, edema and extensive destructive ulceration of the mucosa is

seen in mice pretreated with streptomycin (colitis model) but not in a typhoid fever model. Arrowheads indicate severe colitis in mice pretreated with streptomycin accompanied by crypt abscesses (\*).