Online resource: A nomogram-based score for prognosis in

patients with atrial fibrillation before cardiac

resynchronization therapy

Minsi Cai, MD1, Wei Hua, MD, FHRS1, Nixiao Zhang, MD1, Shengwen Yang, MD1, Yiran Hu, MD1,

Min Gu, MD1, Hongxia Niu, MD1, Shu Zhang, MD, FHRS1

1 State Key Laboratory of Cardiovascular Disease, Fuwai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases,

Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences and Peking Union Medical College, Beijing, 100037, People's Republic of

China

**Corresponding author:** 

Hua Wei, MD, FHRS

E-mail address: drhuaweifw@sina.com

ORCID: http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4014-989X

Fig. S1 Flow chart of the study

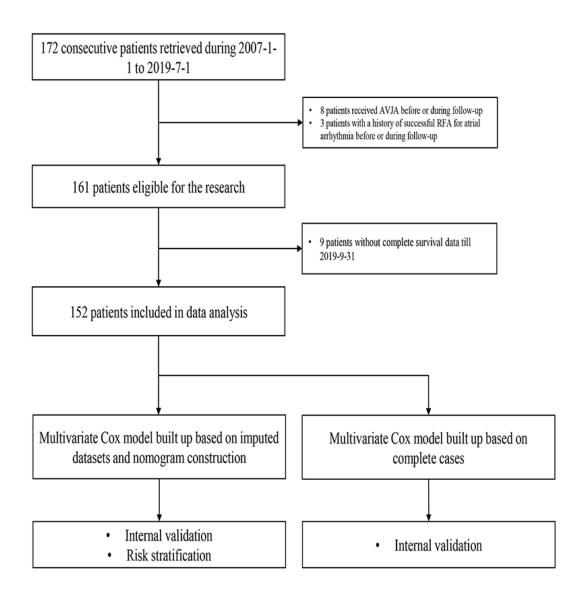
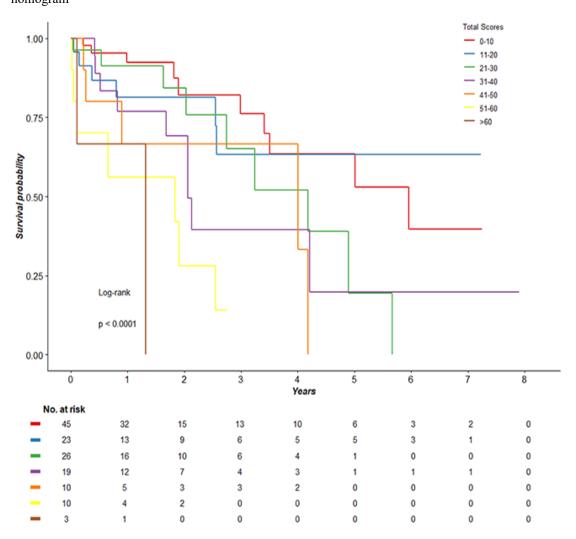
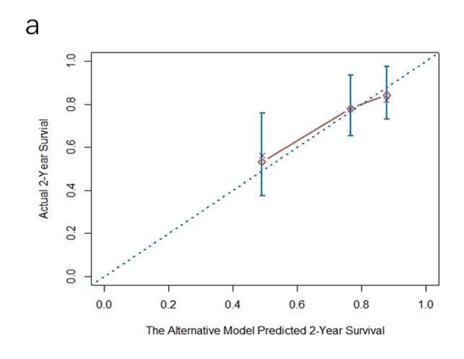


Fig. S2 Original Kaplan-Meier event-free survival curves for different risk scores derived from the nomogram



**Fig. S3** Calibration curves at different time points for the alternative model based on complete cases. Red lines stand for correlation between actual values and predictive values. Diagonal dashed lines represent the most perfect prediction. The cross signature stands for corrected predictive values versus actual values. **a:** 2-year calibration curve for the alternative model based on complete cases. **b:** 5-year calibration curve for the alternative model based on complete cases



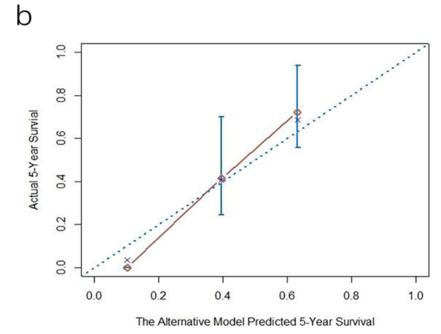


Fig. S4 Kaplan-Meier event-free survival curves stratified by TSH level in patients without amiodarone intake

