## **Skew Normal Distribution**

A random variable Z follows a Skew-Normal distribution if its probability density function (pdf) is:

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \delta^2}} \phi(\frac{z - \mu}{\sigma^2 + \delta^2}) \Phi(\frac{\delta}{\sigma} \frac{z - \mu}{\sigma^2 + \delta^2}), \qquad z \in \mathbb{R}$$

where  $\phi$  and  $\Phi$  are the standard normal pdf and cdf(cumulative distribution function) respectively.  $\delta$  is referred to as the skewness parameter, when  $\delta$  is zero  $Z \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

Expected value of Z and its variance are as follows:

$$E(Z) = \mu + \delta \sqrt{2/\pi}$$
 and  $Var(Z) = \sigma^2 + \delta^2 (1 - \frac{2}{\pi})$