### Additional file 1: Quality of Care Evaluation Framework

# Multi-disciplinary Risk Factor Assessment and Management Programme

### Structure evaluation framework

Huma	Target Standard (% of teams)	
1	There <b>must</b> be designated programme coordinator(s) to oversee the RAMP at cluster level.	100%
2	There <b><u>must</u></b> be a multidisciplinary team of healthcare personnel, including FM Specialist, Advanced Practice Nurse, Allied Health Professional to implement RAMP. Technical Service Assistant and General Service Assistant are required to support the operation.	100%
3	Allied Health Professionals (e.g. Dietitians, Podiatrists, Physio-therapists etc.) <b>should</b> be accessible to patients in the programme when indicated.	70%
4	RAMP team staff <b>must</b> be familiar with the programme objectives and logistics.	100%
5	RAMP team doctors and nurses <b>must</b> know the management protocol.	100%
6	RAMP team staff <b>should</b> have undergone relevant training for this programme.	70%
Office	Office Infrastructure	
7	Specific data collection forms (electronic) <b>must</b> be used for electronic documentation of patient data	100%
8	Professional staff of RAMP team <u>must</u> have access to the CMS system for patient data retrieval.	100%
9	There <b>should</b> be appropriate space provided for the programme.	70%
	Facilities for patient recruitment, enrolment, assessment and RAMP sessions (e.g. intake / intervention sessions) <b>should</b> be available in the clinic. List of essential facilities:	
10	Fundus camera (per team)	70%
	Visual acuity charts	1070
	Monofilament and/or Biothesiometer	
	Access to laboratory service: a) renal function test, b) lipid profile, c) HbA1c, d) urine microalbumin	

11	Educational materials on disease knowledge <b>must</b> be available.	100%
Progr	Programme Management	
12	Patients enrolled in the programme <b>must</b> be properly documented in the CMS / OPAS.	100%
13	3 Patient enrolment records <b><u>should</u></b> be accessible to the doctors and other 100% authorized members of the programme.	
14	The patient's doctor <b><u>should</u></b> be informed of patient's participation and RAMP classification. Being informed [i.e. Reminder/ record in the CMS/ patient hand-held record]	70%
Organizational Structure		Target Standard (% of clinics)
15	There <b><u>should</u></b> be regular meetings among staff of each participating team to monitor the performance of the programme.	70%
16	There <b><u>should</u></b> be regular meetings between RAMP team staff and the cluster programme coordinator(s).	70%

# Multi-disciplinary Risk Factor Assessment and Management Programme

## **Process evaluation framework**

Service Delivery & Process of Care		Target Standard (% of patients, unless
		otherwise specified)
		50%
1	DM patients with or without HT <u>should</u> enroll in the RAMP.	(in the first year of operation)
2	Patients must be stratified into a RAMP risk group.	100%
3	Patients stratified into moderate risk group <b>could</b> be referred to 20%	
4	Patients stratified into high / very high risk group <b><u>could</u></b> be referred to nurse intervention session.	30%
5	Patients stratified into very high risk group and with HbA1c > $8.4\%$ <b>should</b> be referred to AC intervention sessions.	70%
6	Patients could be referred to patient empowerment programme (PEP).       10%         (Only applicable to clusters with PEP)       10%	
7	Patients <u>could</u> be referred to the dietitian. 5%	
8	Patients <b>could</b> be referred to the podiatrist.	5%
9	Patients who smoke could have at least 1 appointment at the smoking counseling and cessation centres (SCCC) after joining the programme.       30%         Note: Patients with appointments in SCCC could be referred from any source, or they may have already attended SCCC before joining the programme.       30%	

# Multi-disciplinary Risk Factor Assessment and Management Programme

# Outcome evaluation framework

Clinical Outcomes		Target Standard (% of enrolled patients)
1	Patients <b>should</b> have HbA1c $\leq$ 7% one year after the programme. HbA1c reading one year right after the first intake assessment.	35%
2	Patients <u>could</u> have improvement in HbA1c one year after the programme. <i>Change in HbA1c before and one year after the first intake assessment.</i> P < 0.	
3	Patients <u>should</u> have $BP \le 130 / 80$ mmHg one year after the programme. Average of two BP readings one year right after the first intake assessment.	
4	Patients <u>could</u> have improvement in BP one year after the programme. <i>Change in both SBP and DBP before and one year after the first intake assessment.</i> P < 0.0	
5	Patients <b>should</b> have LDL-C $\leq$ 2.6 mmol/L one year after the programme. <i>LDL-C reading one year right after the first intake assessment.</i>	
6	Patients couldhave improvement in LDL-C one year after the programme.Mean change in LDL-C before and one year after the first intake assessment.	
	Service Outcomes (Secondary Outcomes): 12-month utilization of HA services before and after date of first appointment	
7	Number of GOPC attendances <b>should</b> be decreased after the programme.	P < 0.05
8	Number of medical SOPC attendances <b>should</b> be decreased after the programme.	P < 0.05
9	Number of A&E attendances <b>should</b> be decreased after the programme.	P < 0.05
10	Number of hospital admissions <b>should</b> be decreased after the programme.	P < 0.05

Patient-Reported Outcomes		Target Standard (% of patients)
11	Patients <b>should</b> have improvement in quality of life (Short Form-12) 6 months after the programme.	P < 0.05
12	Patients <b><u>should</u></b> have global improvement in health (Global Rating Scale) 6 months after the programme.	70%
13	Patients <b>should</b> be more enabled (Patient Enablement Instrument) 6 months after the programme.	70%

#### Note:

All process and outcome indicators are confined to attending patients, unless otherwise specified.

Descriptions	Definitions
DM patients	Number of patients with GOPC attendances coded with ICPC-2 of 'T89' / 'T90', or with prescription of any pre-defined diabetic drugs in the reporting period. Patients attending medical SOPC with pre-defined diabetic drugs during the same period are excluded from analysis.
Enrolled patients	Patients with appointments for intake assessment.
Attending patients	Patients attended at least one session of the programme.

### RAMP Structure Criteria – Operation Definition

	Data Paguirad				
	Data Required	Operation Definition			
<u>Hur</u>	Human Resources				
1	There <b>must</b> be designated programme coordinator(s) to oversee the RAMP at cluster level.	Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator /Clinic Program Coordinator.			
2	There <u>must</u> be a multidisciplinary team of healthcare personnel, including FM Specialist, Advanced Practice Nurse, Allied Health Professional to implement RAMP. Technical Service Assistant and General Service Assistant are required to support the operation.	Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator /Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please specify the number of programme staff and their time dedicated to the programme)			
3	Allied Health Professionals (e.g. Dietitians, Podiatrists, Physio-therapists etc.) <b>should</b> be accessible to patients in the programme when indicated. Self-reported by Cluste Coordinator /Clinic Pro Coordinator. (Please specify the nu programme staff and t dedicated to the program				
4	RAMP team staff <u>must</u> be familiar with the programme objectives and logistics. Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator /Clinic Progr Coordinator. (Please attach a summa				
5	RAMP team doctors and nurses <u>must</u> know the management protocol. (Please attach a second				
6	RAMP team staff <b>should</b> have undergone relevant training for this programme.	Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator /Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please specify what training has been taken)			
<u>Offi</u>	ce Infrastructure				
7	Specific data collection forms (electronic) <u>must</u> be used for electronic documentation of patient data. Self-reported by Cluste Coordinator /Clinic Program is a print print screen of all forms				
8	Professional staff of RAMP team <u>must</u> have access to the CMS system for patient data retrieval. Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please enclose a sample of relevant print screens place)				
9	There <b><u>should</u></b> be appropriate space provided for the Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program				

	Data Required	Operation Definition		
	programme.	Coordinator.		
10	Facilities for patient recruitment, enrolment, assessment and RAMP sessions (e.g. intake/ intervention sessions) <b>should</b> be available in the clinic.	Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program Coordinator.		
11	Educational materials on disease knowledge <u>must</u> be available.	Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please enclose a copy of relevant materials)		
Pro	gramme Management			
12	Patients enrolled in the programme <u>must</u> be properly documented in the CMS / OPAS.	Confirm with HA support office record. (Please enclose a sample copy of relevant print screens)		
13	Patient enrolment records <b><u>should</u></b> be accessible to the doctors and other authorized members of the programme.	Confirm with HA support office record.		
14	The patient's doctor <b>should</b> be informed of patient's participation and RAMP classification.			
<u>Org</u>	Organizational Structure			
15	There <b>should</b> be regular meetings among staff of each participating team to monitor the performance of the programme. Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please specify the frequen and form of communication related to RAMP)			
16	There <b>should</b> be regular meetings between RAMP team staff and the cluster programme coordinator(s). Self-reported by Cluster Coordinator/ Clinic Program Coordinator. (Please specify the frequency and form of communication related to RAMP)			

#### RAMP Process Criteria – Operation Definition

Data Required	Operation Definition
Service delivery	
	Number of patients with GOPC attendances coded with
	ICPC-2 of 'T89' / 'T90', or with prescription of any
DM patients	pre-defined diabetic drugs in the reporting period. Patients
	attending medical SOPC with pre-defined diabetic drugs
	during the same period are excluded from analysis.
Enrolled Patients	Patients with appointments for intake assessment.
Attended Patients	Patients attended at least one session of the programme.
Completed Patients	Patients who have attended all sessions of the programme
Process of Care	
Patients identified with additional	
problems and requiring referral to	Patients identified with problems that require referral.
other services	
	The number of patients referred for additional service to
Referral to additional service	have their problem treated (Denominator: Patients identified
	to have problems)
	The number of patients who refused additional service to
Refusal of additional service	have their problem treated. (Denominator: Patients
	identified to have problems)

#### RAMP Outcomes Criteria- Operation Definition

Data Required	Unit	Operation Definition
Clinical outcomes		
HbA1c	%	The HbA1c reading from HA information systems at reference time points (baseline: last available before date of RAMP enrolment; post 12 months: the first reading in 9 - 15 months after RAMP enrolment)

Running title: Evaluation of a multi-disciplinary management programme for patients with Diabetes Mellitus

Data Required	Unit	Operation Definition		
Systolic BP	mmHg	The systolic BP readings from HA information systems at reference time points (baseline: last available before date of RAMP enrolment; post 12 months: the first reading in 9 - 15 months after RAMP enrolment).		
Diastolic BP	mmHg	The diastolic BP readings from HA information systems at reference time points (baseline: last available before date of RAMP enrolment; post 12 months: the first reading in 9 - 15 months after RAMP enrolment)		
LDL-C	mmol/L	The LDL-C reading from HA information systems at reference time point (baseline: last available before date of RAMP enrolment; post 12 months: the first reading in 9 - 15 months after RAMP enrolment).		
RAMP risk level	-	Latest RAMP risk level (1. Low risk; 2. Medium risk;3.High risk; 4.Very high risk		
Service utilization C	outcomes (in th	ne past 12 months)		
Hospitalization	Episodes	Number of times the patient has been hospitalized in HA hospitals in the past 12 months		
A&E attendance	Episodes	Number of times the patient attended HA A&E departments in the past 12 months		
GOPC consultation	Episodes	Number of times the patient went for HA GOPC consultation in the past 12 months		
SOPC medical consultation	Episodes	Number of times the patient went for HA SOPC (Medical) consultation in the past 12 months		
Patient reported out	Patient reported outcomes			
Health-related Quality of Life score	-	Measured by the SF 12-v2 domain scores, PCS and MCS scores		
Patient Enablement Instrument (PEI) score	-	Measured by the mean PEI score and the proportion of subjects with PEI >0		
Global Rating of Change Scale (GRS)	-	Measured by the mean GRS and the proportion of subjects with GRS score $>0$ or $<0$		