

Curtin University Medical School is conducting a research project to understand the approach to concussion diagnosis and management by General Practitioners. Turn over to complete a 5-minute survey, or follow the link below to do it online.

https://is.gd/concussion2019



Curtin University Ethics approval HREC2019-0602

#### **About Concussion**

Mild traumatic brain injury (mTBI), or concussion, accounts for 75-80% of all brain injuries in Australia and worldwide. While most concussion patients recover well within the first two weeks of injury, it is estimated that 10-20% will go on to experience persistent post-concussive symptoms (PCSS). There is a lack of standardisation in the approach to assessment and management of concussion in General Practice, and there is currently no way of knowing which patients are at risk of PCSS and require closer observation. The variation in care and lack of clarity as to the degree of care needed is likely to be cost-ineffective, and deprives patients of the best chance at making a timely complete recovery.

## The Research

Our research is aimed at understanding current practice in managing concussions that present at General Practice clinics. The outcomes will be used to develop better guidelines and models of care to aid doctors in diagnosing and managing concussed patients.

# You and your role

You have been invited to complete the survey because you are a General Practitioner and are likely to see and diagnose patients with concussive injuries. The survey includes questions about your professional qualifications, experience and the general area you practice, as well as your approach to diagnosing and managing concussion. Any data you provide cannot be linked back to your identity, and you can exit the survey at any point.

### Disclaimer

This study is being undertaken by Curtin University researchers Dr Gill Cowen and Dr Libby Thomas. The study has received ethics approval from the Curtin Human Research Ethics Committee (approval number HRE2019-0602). If you would like to contact the research team directly, please do so have concerns with the study, please contact Curtin Ethics at hrec@curtin.edu.au

### Consent

Your participation	in this study is completely voluntary. You are not obliged to participate and may
stop at any time.	Your responses to this survey are strictly confidential and at no time will your
answers be linked	I to your identity. To complete the survey will take approximately five minutes.

stop at any time. Your responses to this survey are strictly confidential and at no time will your answers be linked to your identity. To complete the survey will take approximately five minutes.					
Are you willing to participate?	□ Yes	□ No			



What is your age bracket (yrs)?	□ 18-30	□ 30-45 □ :	>45
What is your professional level?	□ GP	<ul> <li>□ Post-graduate Co</li> <li>□ Diploma Sports I</li> <li>□ Master Sports M</li> <li>□ FACRRM</li> <li>□ FRACGP</li> <li>□ Other</li> </ul>	
	□ Registrar		
	□ Other	□ RACGP SI MSK □ RACGP SI SEM	
How many hours do you routinely worl	k in General Prac	tice per week?	
Do you do any work outside usual sessi	ional load where	concussions are end	countered?
	□ Yes	<ul><li>□ Emergency Department</li><li>□ Sports cover</li><li>□ Aged Care</li><li>□ Other</li></ul>	
	□ No		
Where are you located in your General	Practice (suburb	o or postcode)?	
How many concussion diagnoses would	d you estimate yo	ou make per year?	□ < 5 □ 5-10 □ 10-30 □ 30-50
How often is concussion a secondary d	iagnosis?	<ul><li>□ Never</li><li>□ Rarely</li><li>□ About half the ti</li><li>□ Frequently</li><li>□ Almost always</li></ul>	me
In a concussion assessment would you	refer for diagnos		Yes   MRI   CT   Other



Would you consider any of these symptoms as indicative of a concussion?

□ Headache		☐ Difficulty cond	entrating			
	□ Difficulty breathing		☐ Chest pain			
□ Dizziness		□ Irritability				
☐ Fogg	□ Fogginess		sleep disturbar	nce		
□ Naus	sea/vomiting	□ Neck pain				
□ Sens	itivity to light/sound	□ Other				
□ Alter	ed limb sensation					
Would any of these examination findings make you likely to suspect a patient has sustained a concussion?						
□ Orth	ostatic hypotension	☐ Abnormal fund	doscopy			
□ Нурс	preflexia	☐ Abnormal cranial nerve examination				
☐ Facia	**		ess			
☐ Dysarthria ☐ Objective mem		nory impairmei	nt			
□ Balaı	☐ Balance disturbance ☐ Altered visual					
□ Vesti	□ Vestibulo-ocular impairment □ Other					
□ Exer	cise intolerance					
Are you confide	ent to make a diagnosis of concu	ssion?	Yes			
		[	□ No			
Are you confide	ent to manage a concussed patie	nt?	Yes			
		[	□ No			
Marie e la e		<b>.</b>				
What would yo	u consider a prolonged recovery	from concussion		□ >5 days		
				<ul><li>□ &gt;14 days</li><li>□ &gt;28 days</li></ul>		
				□ >3 months		
What would yo	u consider a prolonged recovery	from concussion	in children/ado	lescents?		
				□ >5 days		
				□ >14 days		
				□ >28 days		
				□ >3 months		
How do you manage those that don't settle quickly?						
	Referral to a specialist	What kind?				
	Close observation	□ Weekly				
_		□ Fortnightly				
		□ Monthly				
	Othor					
	Other					



Are you familiar with any current concussion guidelines, if so, which ones?
Are you familiar with any current concussion assessment tools?