PSA interview

Record ID	
Study ID (from recruitment file)	
Date of interview	
Interviewer name	
Is the interview being audio-recorded?	○ Yes ○ No

Hello, my name is X and I am conducting a study funded by the National Institutes of Health that is examining clinical decision making for older adults. I would like to interview you about how clinicians make decisions about using the PSA test in older men who do not have a history of prostate cancer.

Imagine that you are seeing a 77 year old man for an annual visit during a typical work day. He received a screening PSA test at his last physical.

Please describe how you would typically approach the PSA test for this individual.	
Explain what the most important medical or non-medical factors are that influence how you would proceed.	
When you do order a screening PSA test in cases like this (if any), what are the most important reasons why you order it?	
When you do not order a screening PSA test in cases like this (if any), what are the most important reasons why you do not order it?	

For each of the following statements, I would like you to tell me if you: strongly agree, agree, neither agree nor disagree, disagree, strongly disagree.

Patients who have been getting screened for prostat	e
cancer in the past expect to continue screening whe	n
they are older.	

The potential health benefits of doing a PSA test outweigh the potential harms for the average 77 year old man.

- Strongly agree
- Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- O Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- O Disagree
- O Strongly disagree



The potential health benefits of doing a PSA test outweigh the potential harms for the average 82 year old man.

Discussing when to stop prostate cancer screening with a patient takes a lot of time.

I would be concerned that if I told an older man that I no longer recommended PSA screening above a certain age, he would be offended.

For men over 75, I am more concerned about failing to prevent someone from getting metastatic prostate cancer than I am about the potential harms associated with diagnosing and treating early prostate cancer.

Most urologists routinely check PSA levels in men with no history of prostate cancer who are over 75 years old.

Most of my primary care colleagues routinely check PSA levels in men with no history of prostate cancer who are over 75 years old.

For my patients (like one I mentioned) who have been getting regular screening PSA tests, I would order the test again without discussing with them.

Please tell me the top 3 most important reasons you would use a PSA screening test in someone over 75.

Please tell me the 3 most important reasons for not doing a PSA screening test in someone over 75.

Thank you! That is the end of the interview. We appreciate your participation. We'd like to mail you a \$50 Target gift card. What is best address to mail this to?

Interviewer notes

- Strongly agree
- ⊖ Agree
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree
- O Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- Agree
- \bigcirc Neither agree nor disagree
- 🔿 Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- \bigcirc Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- O Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- 🔾 Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- ⊖ Strongly agree
- \bigcirc Agree
- O Neither agree nor disagree
- Ŏ Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- ◯ Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- ⊖ Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- Strongly agree
- ⊖ Agree
- Neither agree nor disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly disagree

