

Table 1. Summary of previously reported *Mycoplasma hominis* pneumonia in immunocompetent patients

Patient no.	Age (years)	Isolated Pathogens	Site of isolation	Reason for Hospital admission	Risk factor, prior illness	Initial Empirical treatment	Adjusted therapy	Outcome	Reference
1	24	<i>M. hominis</i>	Blood, Ankle Wound, Pleural Fluid	Complicated pneumonia	Polytrauma	Erythromycin	-	Resolved	[17]
2	21	<i>M. hominis</i> and <i>Klebsiella spp</i>	Pleural Fluid	Complicated pneumonia	No risk factors known	Cefazolin, cefoxitin, penicillin and erythromycin	-	Resolved	[15]
3	32	<i>M. hominis</i>	Pleural Fluid	Complicated pneumonia	Pregnancy	Netilmycin, ceftriaxone and erythromycin	Doxycycline	Resolved	[13]
4	35	<i>M. hominis</i>	Blood	Pneumonia	No risk factors known	Cefotaxime, penicillin, erythromycin and gentamicin	-	Died	[16]
5	19	<i>M. hominis</i>	Tracheal aspirate	Pneumonia	Head trauma	Rolitetraacycline	-	Resolved	[16]
6	39	<i>M. hominis</i>	Tracheal aspirate	Pneumonia	Subdural hematoma	Ceftriaxone and erythromycin	-	Died	[16]
7	24	<i>M. hominis</i>	Lung autopsy	Pneumonia	No risk factors known	Ceftriaxone, erythromycin and gentamicin	-	Died	[16]
8	25	<i>M. hominis</i>	BAL	Multiple fractures	No risk factors known	Piperacillin/tazobactam	Ciprofloxacin	Resolved	[14]
9	46	<i>M. hominis</i>	BAL	Hypertension alcoholism	Subarachnoid hemorrhage	Piperacillin/tazobactam	Levofloxacin	Resolved	[14]
10	42	<i>M. hominis</i> and <i>P.aeruginosa</i>	BAL	Esophageal carcinoma tracheoeso- phageal fistula	Septic shock	Imipenem	-	Died	[14]
11	36	<i>M. hominis</i>	BAL	Hepatitis C	Polytrauma	Cefepime and levofloxacin	Levofloxacin	Resolved	[14]

BAL: Bronchoalveolar lavage