Conditions for the Alexa Fluor 555 channel

Experimental conditions of imaging acquisition

Sensitivity (HV) 370
Gain 0
Offset 1

Experimental conditions Intensity in the upper layer (depth = 15 μ m) of laser intensity (%) = 8.0 - 0.0066 × (total thickness/2 - 15 μ m)

Intensity in the middle layer (total thickness /2) = 8.0Intensity in the lower layer (latest depth = $15 \mu m$) = $8.0 + 0.0166 \times (total thickness/2 + <math>15 \mu m$)

Conditions for the DiD channel

Experimental conditions of imaging acquisition

Sensitivity (HV) 370
Gain 0
Offset 1

Experimental conditions Intensity in the upper layer (depth = $15 \mu m$) of laser intensity (%) = $0.4 - 0.005 \times (\text{total thickness/2} - 15 \mu m)$

Intensity in the middle layer (total thickness /2) = 0.4 Intensity in the lower layer (latest depth = 15 μ m) = 0.4 + 0.0266 × (total thickness/2 + 15 μ m)

Conditions for the SYTO16 channel

Experimental conditions of imaging acquisition

Sensitivity (HV) 370
Gain 0
Offset 1

Experimental conditions Intensity in the upper layer (depth = $15 \mu m$) of laser intensity (%) = $0.8 - 0.0083 \times (\text{total thickness - } 15 \mu m)$

Intensity in the middle layer (total thickness /2) = 0.8 Intensity in the lower layer (latest depth =15 μ m) = 0.8 + 0.0333 × (total thickness + 15 μ m)

^{*}Laser intensity changed according to depth: the modification followed a fixed slope between the upper and the middle layers of the middle and lower layer; adjustments were performed using the Bright Z mode of the FV-3000 software.

^{*}Unit of measure for thickness = μm