Additional File 1a. List of infant and child evidence-based interventions

Cause of Death	EBI		
Lower respiratory	Antibiotic treatment		
infections	Vaccination: PCV		
	Vaccination: Hib		
	Community-based management		
	Facility-based management		
Diarrheal diseases	Oral rehydration therapy		
	Zinc supplementation		
	Vaccination: Rotavirus		
	Community-based management		
	Facility-based management		
Malaria	Antimalarial combination therapy		
	Rapid diagnostic testing		
	Insecticide-treated nets		
	Indoor residual spray		
	Intermittent preventative therapy for high-risk groups		
	Community-based management		
	Facility-based management		
Measles	Vaccination: Measles		
	Vitamin A supplementation (prior to vaccination)		
Malnutrition	Exclusive breastfeeding for six months		
	Continued breastfeeding and complementary feeding after six months		
	Vitamin A supplementation		
	Management of severe acute malnutrition (ready-to-use food, rehydration, antibiotics)		
HIV	ARV treatment for infants and children		
	HIV testing of children born to HIV+ mothers		
	Prevention of	Early diagnosis of pregnant women (or pre-pregnancy)	
	mother-to-child	PMTCT treatment for mothers* and post-partum to exposed infants	
	transmission	Elective C-section for untreated HIV+ mothers**; replacement feeding**	
		ARV treatment for mother for life as prevention (started in 2012)	
		Exclusive breast feeding	
Meningitis	Vaccination: PCV meningococcal		
	Vaccination: Hib		
	Vaccination: Meningococcal		
	Antibiotic treatment		
	Chemoprophylaxis during acute outbreaks		
Other vaccine	Vaccination: Tetanus		
preventable	Vaccination: Diphtheria		
diseases	Vaccination: Pertussis		
	Vaccination: Polio		

ARV: anti-retroviral therapy; PCV: pneumococcal conjugate vaccine; PMTCT: prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV

\* No longer recommended (PMTCT versus ART for life)

\*\*No longer recommended for women on ART with suppressed viral load

Additional File 1b. List of neonatal evidence-based interventions

Period of risk	EBI			
Preconception	Folic acid supplementation			
Antenatal	Tetanus vaccination			
	Malaria prevention and treatment	Intermittent presumptive treatment		
		Insecticide-treated bed nets		
	Iodine supplementation (in endemic iodine deficient settings)			
	4 or more antenatal visits (ANC4)			
	Prevention and treatment of	Antihypertensive treatment for severe hypertension		
	preeclampsia and eclampsia	Magnesium sulfate		
		Early delivery		
Intrapartum	Antibiotics for preterm premature rupture of membranes			
	Corticosteroids for preterm labor			
	C-section for breech or obstructed labor			
	Active management of delivery (including partograph)			
	Clean delivery practices (incl. clean cord-cutting)			
	Trained birth attendant			
	Facility-based delivery			
	Basic emergency obstetric and newborn care (BEmONC)			
	Comprehensive emergency obstetric and newborn care (CEmONC)			
	Timely transport for higher level care for mother			
Postnatal	Newborn resuscitation			
	Immediate breastfeeding			
	Prevention and management of	Immediate drying and wrapping		
	hypothermia	Delayed bathing		
		Skin-to-skin		
		Baby warming		
	Kangaroo care for LBW/prematurity			
	Timely transport for higher level care for mother			
	Post-partum visits to identify danger signs and provide active referral			
	Antibiotics for suspected or confirmed infection			
	Surfactant therapy for respiratory distress syndrome and prematurity			
	Neonatal intensive care units (equipped, trained staff, standards and protocols established and			
	followed)			