



Fig. S1: Comparisons between real data and model predictions obtained by method 1. (a) newly HIV and AIDS diagnosis; (b) newly observed cases at CD4 stage $[500, \infty)$; (c) newly observed cases at CD4 stage $[350, 500)$; (d) newly observed cases at CD4 stage $[200, 350)$. Dark squares, circles and triangles denote the observed values. The dotted lines give the 95% CI. Progression rate 1 is adopted. The dark squares, circles and triangles describe the newly diagnosed HIV cases, AIDS patients and HIV cases at each CD4 stage, while the dotted lines show the 95% credible intervals of the posterior predictive distribution of the data. Most of the data are fitted well and covered by the 95% credible interval. It is noticeable the 95% credible intervals for HIV and AIDS diagnosis data are very narrow, while those for HIV cases at each CD4 stage are rational. This is mostly because the values of HIV and AIDS diagnosis data are too large.