

SUPPLEMENTARY FILE 2 – Standards for Reporting Qualitative Research (SRQR)

<https://www.equator-network.org/reporting-guidelines/srqr/>

Checklist reproduced from table 1 of O'Brien et al., 2014 (O'Brien, Harris et al. 2014)

Standards for Reporting Qualitative Research (SRQR)^a		
NO.	TOPIC – ITEM	PAGE
	TITLE AND ABSTRACT	
S1	Title Concise description of the nature and topic of the study Identifying the study as qualitative or indicating the approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory) or data collection methods (e.g., interview, focus group) is recommended	1
S2	Abstract Summary of key elements of the study using the abstract format of the intended publication; typically includes background, purpose, methods, results, and conclusions	1
	INTRODUCTION	
S3	Problem formulation Description and significance of the problem/phenomenon studied; review of relevant theory and empirical work; problem statement	2
S4	Purpose or research question Purpose of the study and specific objectives or questions	2
	METHODS	
S5	Qualitative approach and research paradigm Qualitative approach (e.g., ethnography, grounded theory, case study, phenomenology, narrative research) and guiding theory if appropriate; identifying the research paradigm (e.g., postpositivist, constructivist/ interpretivist) is also recommended; rationale ^b	2, Supplementary file 1
S6	Researcher characteristics and reflexivity Researchers' characteristics that may influence the research, including personal attributes, qualifications/experience, relationship with participants, assumptions, and/or presuppositions; potential or actual interaction between researchers' characteristics and the research questions, approach, methods, results, and/or transferability	2-3, Supplementary file 1
S7	Context Setting/site and salient contextual factors; rationale ^b	3-4, Supplementary file 1
S8	Sampling strategy How and why research participants, documents, or events were selected; criteria for deciding when no further sampling was necessary (e.g., sampling saturation); rationale ^b	3, Supplementary file 1
S9	Ethical issues pertaining to human subjects Documentation of approval by an appropriate ethics review board and participant consent, or explanation for lack thereof; other confidentiality and data security issues	3, 18, Supplementary file 1
S10	Data collection methods Types of data collected; details of data collection procedures including (as appropriate) start and stop dates of data collection and analysis, iterative process, triangulation of sources/methods, and modification of procedures in response to evolving study findings; rationale ^b	3, Supplementary file 1
S11	Data collection instruments and technologies Description of instruments (e.g., interview guides, questionnaires) and devices (e.g., audio recorders) used for data collection; if/how the instrument(s) changed over the course of the study	3, Supplementary file 1 & 3

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S12	Units of study Number and relevant characteristics of participants, documents, or events included in the study; level of participation (could be reported in results)	3-5 (incl. Table 1&2)
S13	Data processing Methods for processing data prior to and during analysis, including transcription, data entry, data management and security, verification of data integrity, data coding, and anonymization/deidentification of excerpts Discussion	3, Supplementary file 1
S14	Data analysis Process by which inferences, themes, etc., were identified and developed, including the researchers involved in data analysis; usually references a specific paradigm or approach; rationale ^b	3, Supplementary file 1
S15	Techniques to enhance trustworthiness Techniques to enhance trustworthiness and credibility of data analysis (e.g., member checking, audit trail, triangulation); rationale ^b	3, Supplementary file 1
RESULTS/FINDINGS		
S16	Synthesis and interpretation Main findings (e.g., interpretations, inferences, and themes); might include development of a theory or model, or integration with prior research or theory	3-14, Figure 1, Supplementary file 1
S17	Links to empirical data Evidence (e.g., quotes, field notes, text excerpts, photographs) to substantiate analytic findings	8-14, Supplementary file 4
DISCUSSION		
S18	Integration with prior work, implications, transferability, and contribution(s) to the field Short summary of main findings; explanation of how findings and conclusions connect to, support, elaborate on, or challenge conclusions of earlier scholarship; discussion of scope of application/ generalizability; identification of unique contribution(s) to scholarship in a discipline or field	14-17
S19	Limitations Trustworthiness and limitations of findings	14-15
OTHER		
S20	Conflicts of interest Potential sources of influence or perceived influence on study conduct and conclusions; how these were managed	18
S21	Funding Sources of funding and other support; role of funders in data collection, interpretation, and reporting	18
<p>^aThe authors created the SRQR by searching the literature to identify guidelines, reporting standards, and critical appraisal criteria for qualitative research; reviewing the reference lists of retrieved sources; and contacting experts to gain feedback. The SRQR aims to improve the transparency of all aspects of qualitative research by providing clear standards for reporting qualitative research.</p> <p>^bThe rationale should briefly discuss the justification for choosing that theory, approach, method, or technique rather than other options available, the assumptions and limitations implicit in those choices, and how those choices influence study conclusions and transferability. As appropriate, the rationale for several items might be discussed together.</p>		

O'Brien, B. C., I. B. Harris, T. J. Beckman, D. A. Reed and D. A. Cook (2014). "Standards for reporting qualitative research: a synthesis of recommendations." *Acad Med* **89**(9): 1245-1251.