This questionnaire was co-administered with other one for the study "Economic value perceived by the user of nurse consultations in primary care setting", between October 2011 and January 2012.

Section 0 (filled by the nurse)

Your age is	years		
Man	Woman		
In the last year, has the p stay in the emergency roo	patient been admitted to a hospital om)	? (including	>24 hour
Yes	No		
Number of visits to the no	urse in the last year:	times.	
Number of visits to the fa	amily physician in the last year:	times.	
The patient has a chronic	e pathology:		
Yes	No		
Total number of chronic	pathologies:		
Has the patient been diag	gnosed as a smoker?	Yes	No
Has the patient been diag	gnosed as a former smoker?	Yes	No
Has the patient been diag	gnosed as at risk-drinker?	Yes	No
Has the patient been diag	gnosed as alcohol-depending?	Yes	No
Has the patient stated con	nsumption of other drugs?	Yes	No

We are going to ask you for information about yourself and your state of health

You are from?	
Spain	
The rest of the Europ Switzerland.	pean Union, including Iceland, Norway and
Latin America North Africa	
Sub-Saharan Africa	
	pean countries edonia, Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, iechtenstein, Moldavia, Montenegro, Russia
Asia	
Other	
If you were not born in Spain, during Spain? years	g how many years have you been living in
Do you have additional health insura	nce?
Yes	No
Which one?	
Asisa	
Sanitas	
Adeslas	
Other (specify):	
If you do have additional heal	th insurance, who pays for it?
Your company	Yourself

By placing a checkmark in one box in each group below, please indicate which statements best describe your state of health today.

Mobility:

I have no problems walking I have some problems walking I have to stay in bed

Personal care:

I have no problems with personal care
I have some problems to wash and dress myself
I cannot wash or dress myself

Daily activities (e. g., work, study, housework, family activities or during leisure time):

I have no problems doing my daily activities I have some problems doing my daily activities I cannot perform my daily activities

Pain/discomfort:

I have no pain or discomfort
I have moderate pain or discomfort
I have significant pain or discomfort

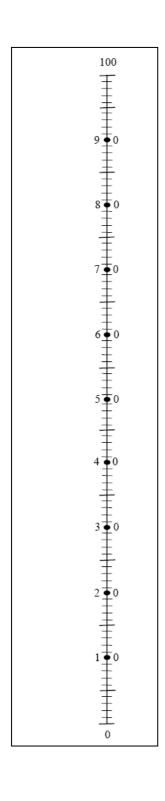
Anxiety/depression:

I am not anxious or depressed I am moderately anxious or depressed I am very anxious or depressed

Compared with my general state of health during the last 12 months, my state of health today is:

Better Same Worse

To help people describe how good or bad their state of health is we have drawn a scale similar to a thermometer on which 100 marks the best state of health imagined and 0 the worst state of health imagined. We would like you to indicate on this scale, in your opinion, how good or bad your state of health is *today*.



Better State of Health

Your health status today

Worst State of Health

Next, we are going to ask you a series of questions about your acceptance or rejection of risk. There is no right or wrong answer, and we would only like to know your attitude towards certain situations.

Would you say you're risk-averse or risk-prone when there is a possible benefit? Please indicate on the scale from 1 to 10, how much of a risk-taker do you consider yourself?

Totally risk-averse = 1 Totally risk-prone = 10

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Now imagine that you can take part in a lottery game in which you can choose between one of two boxes. But first, the quiz director offers you increasing amounts of money if you stop playing . One box contains €200 and the other one is empty. If you choose to compete, your prize will be the contents of the box you choose.

Mark your preferences in each situation:

They offer you €40	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €70	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €100	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €130	versus	One of the two boxes
No response		

Imagine now that the lottery game rules have changed. The quiz director will also offer you increasing amounts of money each time. But, if you choose to compete you must first pay a fixed amount of $\[\in \]$ 40. The prize for competing is the same as above, the contents of the box you choose, knowing that one contains $\[\in \]$ 200 and the other one is empty.

Mark your preferences in each situation:

They offer you €0	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €30	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €60	versus	One of the two boxes
They offer you €90	versus	One of the two boxes
No response		

Finally, we are going to ask you for some statistical information that will help us to classify your answers and to interpret the results of the

study:	
The number	of people who live in my home is: persons
	of them who are sixteen or older of them who are fifteen or younger
Your main o	ccupation at present is:
	Housewife.
	Student.
	Worker.
	Unemployed.
	Retired.
The highest l	evel of education you have completed is:
	I do not know how to read or write.
	No education.
	Primary studies.
	Secondary studies.
	Superior studies.
My last pavi	ng iob was:

- I Manager, director, Higher professional occupations.
- II Mid-level position or sales manager.
- IIINon-manual skilled worker.
- IVa Skilled manual worker.
- Partially-skilled manual worker. IVb
- V Non-skilled manual worker.

In the case of not having a paid job, the member with the highest career category within the family unit is considered. Unemployed, temporary or permanent incapacitated, or retired are classified according to the last job held.

The monthly income of your family unit (adding up all family members who live in your home) is in the range indicated with the letter:

- A: Less than 600 euros
- B: 600-1200 euros.
- C: 1200-1800 euros.
- D: 1800-2400 euros.
- E: 2400-3600 euros.
- F: 3600-4800 euros.
- G. 4800-6000 euros.
- H: 6000-7200 euros.
- I: More than 7200 euros.

Finally, we are going to ask you about two imaginary scenarios

Imagine that we have a new drug that, when taken daily, allows you to return to a perfect health state (no pain, perfect mobility, total autonomy for personal care and daily activities, and absence of anxiety or depression). Imagine that the effect lasted only while you are taking it, and it has no side effects. If the new drug is not funded by the national health system and you must pay for it with your own money....

I would buy the new drug if it cost*:						
1 €/month	□ Yes□ No	128 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
2 €/month	☐ Yes☐ No	256 €/month	☐ Yes□ No			
4 €/month	□ Yes□ No	512 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
8 €/month	□ Yes□ No	1,024 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
16 €/month	☐ Yes☐ No	2,048 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
32 €/month	□ Yes□ No	4,096 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
64 €/month	□ Yes□ No	8,192 €/month □ Yes□				
Now imagine that the same drug must be funded by the government through new taxes-this means that we all have to pay extra taxes to have this drug available for the entire population. In your opinion, would it be worth funding the new drug if the cost was (for each person with the same health status as yours) *:						
1 €/month	□ Yes□ No	128 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
2 €/month	□ Yes□ No	256 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
4 €/month	□ Yes□ No	512 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
8 €/month	☐ Yes☐ No	1,024 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
16 €/month	□ Yes□ No	2,048 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
32 €/month	□ Yes□ No	4,096 €/month	□ Yes□ No			
64 €/month	□ Yes□ No	8,192 €/month	□ Yes□ No			

^{*} The interviewer begins by providing the higher or lower Euro amount depending on the random number table attached. In either case, the interviewer has to state the maximum value accepted in each situation