Post-Endoscopy Discharge Criteria from GI Clinic Back to Primary Care

- Patients who undergo a completed colonoscopy for colorectal cancer screening/surveillance (including positive FOBT/FIT; personal history of colonic polyps or colorectal cancer; or family history of colonic polyps or colorectal cancer), with a good or excellent bowel preparation, who meet the following criteria:
 - a. No malignant-appearing lesions are identified, AND
 - b. No more than a few small polyps are identified, AND
 - c. All identified polyps are completely resected
- 2. Patients who undergo a completed colonoscopy for hematochezia with a good or excellent bowel preparation who meet the following criteria:
 - a. No malignant-appearing lesions or lesions at high risk of bleeding are identified, AND
 - b. No more than a few small polyps are identified, AND
 - c. All identified polyps are completely resected, AND
 - d. Patient has no alarm symptoms or anemia.
- 3. Patients who undergo a completed upper endoscopy for dyspepsia who meet the following criteria:
 - a. No gastric ulcers or malignant-appearing lesions are identified, AND
 - b. Patient has no alarm symptoms or anemia
- 4. Patients who undergo upper endoscopy and colonoscopy for iron deficiency anemia who meet the following criteria:
 - a. No cause for iron deficiency anemia identified
 - b. No alarm symptoms (e.g. overt GI bleeding, weight loss, fatigue)