Box S2: The list of 32 consolidated criteria for organized cancer screening programme from the systematic review

- 1. A policy framework defining the goals and objectives of the programme
- 2. An evidence-based protocol/guideline developed in consensus with majority of stakeholders
- 3. The protocol/guideline should at least describe: the target age, screening intervals, screening tests and management of positive cases
- 4. The protocol/guideline should at least describe: monitoring and evaluation
- 5. Availability of adequate infrastructure, workforce and supplies for delivery of screening, diagnosis and treatment services
- 6. Dedicated funding/budget to ensure delivery of following services free of cost (may be reimbursable) to the eligible individuals screening services
- Dedicated funding/budget to ensure delivery of following services free of cost (may be reimbursable) to the eligible individuals diagnostic services
- 8. Dedicated funding/budget to ensure delivery of following services free of cost (may be reimbursable) to the eligible individuals treatment services
- 9. Screening is administered as a public service by a government body
- 10. A specified organization or a team is responsible for programme implementation and/or coordination
- 11. Professionals involved comply with the national protocol/guideline
- 12. Appropriate legal framework exists for registration of individuals and establishing data linkages
- 13. An information system exists with appropriate linkages (between population databases, screening information, cancer registry, etc.) for screening implementation & evaluation
- 14. There is a system in place for identifying the target population
- 15. There is a system in place for inviting eligible individuals for screening
- 16. There is a system in place for notifying the results & informing about follow up
- 17. There is a system in place for sending recall notice to the non-compliant individuals
- 18. There is provision for training of service providers
- 19. Programme should have high participation/coverage
- 20. All activities along the screening pathway are planned, coordinated and evaluated through a quality improvement framework (quality assurance)
- 21. Auditing of the programme
- 22. A specified team/organization is responsible for quality assurance/improvement
- 23. Performance of screening programme should be evaluated with appropriate indicators
- 24. Performance of screening programme should be evaluated with reference standards for the indicators
- 25. Performance of screening programme should be evaluated with appropriate indicators and published regularly
- 26. A system should be in place for identifying cancer occurrence in the target population
- 27. There should be documented strategies for increasing awareness of the population to encourage participation

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- 28. The eligible individuals should be given informed choice with information on benefits and harms
- 29. There should be an informed consent
- 30. Equity of access to screening, diagnosis and treatment services should be built into the programme
- 31. Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of screening should be demonstrated through health technology assessment in the country
- 32. Piloting of the screening programme should be done before scaling-up