

Additional file 7: Table S7: Linear regression estimates of the influence of both the better-seeing and the worse-seeing eye on the NEI VFQ-25 socio-emotional scale score in the German population-based Gutenberg Health Study (GHS), 2007-2012, restricted to participants 65 years and older (n=2874).

Category of visual impairment considering better-seeing and worse-seeing eye	Estimate (CI)	p value
BE no VI, WE mild VI	-2.23 (-3.44; -1.02)	0.00032
BE no VI, WE moderate/ severe VI	-8.21 (-9.72; -6.69)	< 0.0001
BE mild VI & WE mild VI	-7.85 (-11.5; -4.22)	< 0.0001
BE mild VI & WE moderate/ severe VI	-11.9 (-15.5; -8.26)	< 0.0001
BE moderate/ severe VI, WE moderate/ severe VI	-16.8 (-22.0; -11.7)	< 0.0001

BE: better-seeing eye; WE: worse-seeing eye; VI: vision impairment; no VI: <0.32 logMAR, mild VI: 0.32-0.5 logMAR; moderate/severe VI: >0.5 logMAR; all models adjusted for age, sex and socioeconomic status, using both eyes with no VI as reference.