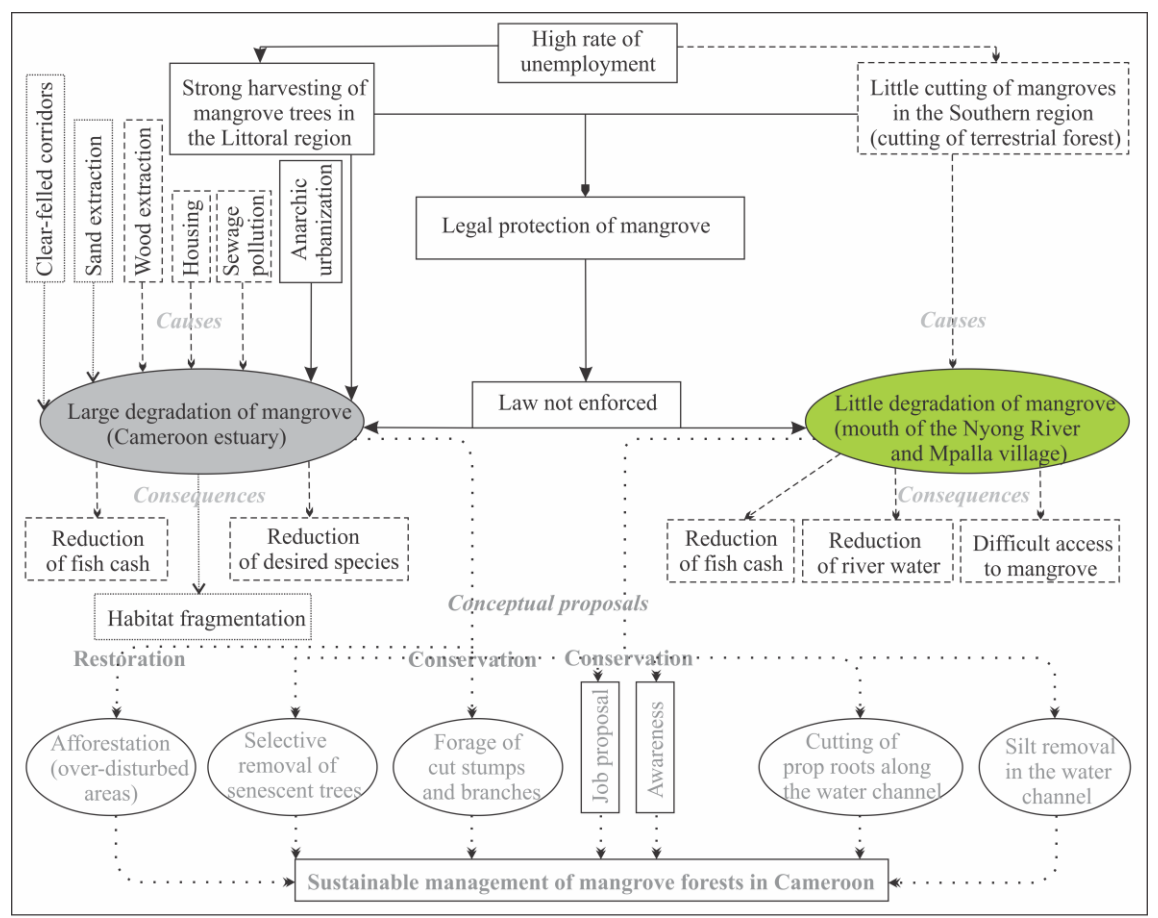
High rate of unemployment
Strong harvesting of mangrove trees in the Littoral region
Little cutting of mangroves in the Southern region (cutting of terrestrial forest)
Clear-felled corridors
Sand extraction
Wood extraction
Housing
Sewage pollution
Anarchic urbanization
Legal protection of mangrove
Causes
Causes
Large degradation of mangrove (Cameroon estuary)
Law not enforced
Little degradation of mangrove (mouth of the Nyong River and Mpalla village)
Consequences
Consequences
Reduction of fish cash
Reduction of desired species
Reduction of fish cash
Reduction of river water
Difficult access to mangrove
Habitat fragmentation
Conceptual proposals
Restoration
Conservation
Conservation
Afforestation (over-disturbed areas)
Selective removal of senescent trees
Forage of cut stumps and branches
Job proposal
Awareness
Cutting of prop roots along the water channel
Silt removal in the water channel
Sustainable management of mangrove forests in Cameroon
Sources of information
Published papers
Legal texts
Local people
Field observations
Authors of this paper