## Additional file 2: Table S2: Statement on sample size and statistical measures.

Fig	Sample size	Definitions of statistical
		methods and measures
1a, b, c	n = 9, WT; n = 8, DcR3; n = 7, APP; n = 7, APP/DcR3.	one-way ANOVA
1d, e, f	n = 5, WT; n = 11, DcR3; n = 7, APP; n = 10, APP/DcR3.	one-way ANOVA
1 g, h	Mouse numbers: n = 40, WT; n = 8, DcR3; n = 37, APP; n = 6, APP/DcR3.	one-way ANOVA
2a, b	Slices for CA3: $n = 8$ , WT; $n = 7$ , DcR3; $n = 10$ , APP; $n = 10$ , APP/DcR3. Slices for CA1: $n = 14$ , WT; $n = 10$ , DcR3; $n = 13$ , APP; $n = 14$ , APP/DcR3. Slices for DG: $n = 14$ , WT; $n = 12$ , DcR3; $n = 13$ , APP; $n = 13$ , APP/DcR3. Each quantitative data from at least 3 mice per geneture.	one-way ANOVA
2 c d	n = 5 mice per genotype	
2 c, u 3b,c,e,f	Data were obtained from three independent experiments, and each treatment performed in quadruplicating.	one-way ANOVA
3d	Data were obtained from more than four independent experiments, and each treatment performed in quadruplicating.	one-way ANOVA
4 a, b	Mouse numbers: $n = 6$ , APP; $n = 4$ , APP/DcR3. Slice numbers: $n = 34$ , APP; $n = 24$ , APP/DcR3.	two-tailed unpaired Student's t test.
4 c, d	n = 6 mice per genotype.	two-tailed unpaired Student's t test.
5 a, b	Number of plaques analyzed: APP = 342, APP/DcR3 = 324. Each quantitative data from at least 3 mice per genotype.	two-tailed unpaired Student's t test.
5 c, d	Cell numbers: n=76, oA $\beta$ ; n=74, oA $\beta$ +DcR3.	two-tailed unpaired Student's t test.
6 a, b, c	Mouse numbers in TNF- $\alpha$ ELISA: n = 14, APP; n =8, APP/DcR3; Mouse numbers in IL-1 $\beta$ ELISA: n = 16, APP; n =8, APP/DcR3; Mouse numbers in YM1 mRNA level: n = 15, APP; n =7, APP/DcR3; Mouse numbers in YM1 ELISA: n = 9, APP; n =6, APP/DcR3;	two-tailed unpaired Student's t test.
6 d	n = 3 per treatment	one-way ANOVA
7d	Data were obtained from three independent experiments, and each treatment performed in quadruplicating.	One-way ANOVA
S1 b	n = 6 mice per genotype.	One-way ANOVA

S1 c	Mouse numbers: n = 18, WT; n = 21, DcR3; n = 21, APP; n = 22, APP/DcR3.	One-way ANOVA
S2 b, c	Mouse numbers for CA3: n = 11, WT; n = 8, DcR3; n = 13, APP; n = 12, APP/DcR3; CA1: n = 12, WT; n = 8, DcR3; n = 13, APP; n = 12, APP/DcR3; and DG: n = 11, WT; n = 7, DcR3; n = 11, APP; n = 12, APP/DcR3.	One-way ANOVA
S3	Experiments were conducted for over 5 times with 3 regions for each treatment.	One-way ANOVA
<b>S4</b>	n = 4 per treatment	one-way ANOVA
<b>S</b> 5	Slice numbers: $n = 8$	two-tailed unpaired Student's
	Each quantitative data from 4 mice per genotype.	t test.
S7	Sample numbers are presented in figures.	one-way ANOVA
S8 a, b	Slice numbers: $n = 14$ , APP; $n = 13$ , APP/DcR3.	two-tailed unpaired Student's
	Each quantitative data from 4 mice per genotype.	t test.
S9 b	Data were obtained from two independent experiments,	one-way ANOVA
	and each treatment performed in duplicating.	

Data are presented as the mean  $\pm$ s.e.m. from at least three independent experiments and were analyzed using Prism software (GraphPad) to determine the statistical significance of the difference. Differences between data sets were analyzed by Unpaired, two-tailed Student's *t*-tests or one-way ANOVA followed with the Bonferroni post hoc test. During multiple contrast analysis, the alpha was set as 0.05 (95% confidence intervals). A *p* value less than 0.05 was considered to be statistically significant.