


UMUC3



E
EJ


UMUC3


F




FigS1. CircSTX6 promotes the metastasis in BCa. A The knockdown and efficiency of circSTX6 in UMUC3 cells was detected by qRT-PCR. B The overexpression efficiency of circSTX6 in UMUC3 cells was detected by qRT-PCR. C Representative and quantified results of the Transwell migration and invasion assays in UMUC3 cells transfected with scramble, sh-circ\#1, sh-circ\#2, vector or circSTX6. Scale bar, $100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. D Cell migratory capabilities were assessed by wound healing assays after knocking down or overexpressing circSTX6 in UMUC3 cells. Scale bar, $400 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. E CCK-8 assays showed the viability of BCa cells stably transfected with vector or circSTX6. F Edu assays depicted the proliferation rate of BCa cells stably transfected with scramble, sh-circ\#1 or sh-circ\#2. Scale bar, $200 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* P<0.05 . P$ values are calculated by Student's $t$ test in $\mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{C}$ and one-way ANOVA in $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{C}$.

C


E


Fig.S2





D




FigS2. miR-515-3p inhibits BCa migration and invasion in vitro. A-B The influence on cell migration and invasion abilities of EJ (A) and UMUC3 (B) cells transfected with miR-NC, miR-515-3p, anti-miR-NC or anti miR-515-3p. Scale bar, $100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. C-D Cell migratory capabilities were assessed in BCa cells transfected with miR-NC, miR-515-3p, anti-miR-NC or anti miR-515-3p by wound healing assays. Scale bar, $400 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. E Wound healing assays showed the migration abilities in EJ cells transfected with scramble or sh-circ\#1, and those co-transfected with anti-miR-NC or anti miR-515-3p. Scale bar, $400 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* \mathrm{P}<0.05 . \mathrm{P}$ values are calculated by Student's $\mathfrak{t}$ test in A-D and one-way ANOVA in $\mathbf{E}$.

Fig.S3


Fig S3. CircSTX6 enhances the SUZ12 expression in BCa. A The mRNA and protein level of SUZ12 in UMUC3 cells stably transfected scramble, sh-circ\#1, sh-circ\#2, vector or circSTX6. B The expression level of SUZ12 in the TCGA BLCA dataset. C Western blot were performed to evaluate the expression of SUZ12 in EJ and UMUC3 cells which were transfected with scramble or sh-circ\#1, and those cotransfected with mock or SUZ12. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* \mathrm{P}<0.05$. P values are calculated by Student's t test in $\mathbf{A}$ (right) and one-way ANOVA in $\mathbf{A}$ (left).


FigS4. Knockdown of SUZ12 inhibits BCa migration and invasion in vitro. A Transwell assays showed the migration and invasion of UMUC3 cells transfected with mock, SUZ12, scramble or sh-SUZ12\#1. Scale bar, $100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. B-C Cell migratory capabilities were assessed in EJ and UMUC3 cells transfected with with mock, SUZ12, scramble or sh-SUZ12\#1 by wound healing assays. Scale bar, $400 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* P<0.05$. $P$ values are calculated by Student's t test in A-C.







Fig S5. PABPC1 could facilitate the expression level of SUZ12 in UMUC3 cells. A The efficiency of PABPC1 knockdown or overexpression in UMUC3 cells was verified by qRT-PCR (left) and western blot (right). B qRT-PCR assay showed the expression of circSTX6 in UMUC3 cells transfected with the indicated plasmids. C qRT-PCR and western blot assays showed the expression of SUZ12 in UMUC3 cells transfected with the indicated plasmids. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* P<0.05 . P$ values are calculated by Student's $t$ test in $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{C}$ and one-way ANOVA in $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{C}$.

## Fig.S



Fig S6. Silencing of circSTX6/SUZ12 complex promotes the chemosensitivity of BCa cells to CDDP. A Determination of IC50 values for CDDP treatment 24 h in EJ cells which were stably transfected with mock or SUZ12 vector. B Flow cytometry apoptosis assays were used to assess apoptosis rate of UMUC3 cells stably transfected with sh-SUZ12\#1 after CDDP treatment. C Determination of IC50 values for CDDP treatment 24 h in EJ cells which were stably transfected with vector or circSTX6 plasmid. D Flow cytometry apoptosis assays were used to assess apoptosis rate of UMUC3 cells stably transfected with shcircSTX6 after CDDP treatment. E Tumor sphere formation assays were used to assess the self-renewal capacity of BCa treated with CDDP. The scale bar indicates $100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. F-G Immunofluorescence staining showed the expression of $\gamma \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{AX}$ in BCa cells treated with CDDP. The scale bar indicates $20 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. H-I Immunofluorescence staining showed the expression of $\gamma \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{AX}$ in BCa cells treated with CDDP. The scale bar indicates $20 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. J qRT-PCR assay showed the relative expression levels of circSTX6 in the EJ and EJ-CDDP cell lines. K Determination of IC50 values for CDDP treatment 24 h in EJ-CDDP cells which were stably transfected with scramble, sh-circ\#1 or sh-circ\#2 vector. L-M Flow cytometry assay revealed the CDDP effect in EJ-CDDP cells transfected with scramble, sh-circ\#1 or sh-circ\#2. N Flow cytometry assay revealed the CDDP effect in EJ-CDDP cells transfected with vector or circSTX6, and those co-transfected with scramble or sh-SUZ12\#1. The data are presented as the means $\pm$ S.D. of at least three independent experiments. $* P<0.05 . P$ values are calculated by Student's t test in $\mathbf{B}, \mathbf{D}, \mathbf{G}, \mathbf{I}$ and $\mathbf{J}$ and one-way ANOVA in $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{N}$.

