

Non-immunocompromised ICU patients with suspected infection

No

Clinical / laboratory signs of acute organ dysfunction or shock

Yes

- Obtain cultures
- Initiate antibiotic therapy if infection is the most likely diagnosis and maintain antibiotics while alternative diagnoses are investigated and until culture results are available
- Consider using PCT or CRP to guide decision to initiate² or stop antibiotics (see below)

- Obtain cultures
- Initiate antibiotic therapy within 1 hr

No

Initial PCT < 1.0 ng/ml
and/or
Initial CRP < 100 mg/ml

Yes

Assessment after 5 full days of antibiotics

- No signs of active infection, SOFA decreasing
- and**
- PCT decrease $\geq 90\%$ **and/or** CRP decrease $\geq 50\%$

No

**Daily biomarker measurement
Stop antibiotics when:**

- PCT decrease $\geq 90\%$
 - CRP decrease $\geq 50\%$
- or**
After 7 full days of antibiotics

Consider stopping antibiotics earlier if an alternative diagnosis to infection is obtained

Yes

Stop antibiotic therapy

Consider stopping antibiotics earlier if an alternative diagnosis to infection is obtained

Yes

Assessment after 3 full days of antibiotics

- No signs of active infection, SOFA decreasing
- and**
- PCT < 0.1 ng/ml **and/or** CRP < 30 mg/ml

No¹

**Daily biomarker measurement
Stop antibiotics when:**

- PCT < 0.1 ng/ml
 - CRP < 30 mg/ml
- or**
After 7 full days of antibiotics