ADDITIONAL TABLE G: Logistic regression model of the association of 24h-EC-SOFA sub-score with one-year outcome in the nested cohort.

	Nested cohort						
	One-year mortality				Poor neurologic outcome[1]		
	OR	95% CI		P	OR	95% CI		P
Age (year)	1.03	1.02 - 1.04		< 0.01	1.03	1.02 - 1.04		< 0.01
Physical status (dependent)[2]	2.39	1.38 - 4.14		< 0.01	3.27	1.75 - 6.11		< 0.01
Not shockable[3]	3.09	2.26 - 4.22		< 0.01	3.41	2.46 - 4.74		< 0.01
ROSC delay (min)[4]	1.05	1.03 - 1.07		< 0.01	1.05	1.03 - 1.07		< 0.01
Not witnessed[5]	1.79	1.14 - 2.82		0.01	2.00	1.22 - 3.26		< 0.01
Respiration (point)	1.16	1.02 - 1.32		0.03	1.17	1.02 - 1.33		0.02
Renal (point)	1.50	1.32 - 1.70		< 0.01	1.42	1.25 - 1.63		< 0.01

All 24h-EC-SOFA sub-scores (cardiovascular, respiration, coagulation, liver, renal) were considered in a stepwise manner. Only sub-scores with independent predictive value were included in the final model. [1]Cerebral Performance Category (CPC) 3-5 one year after cardiac arrest; [2]Simplified WHO/ECOG-classification before cardiac arrest; [3]Not shockable, initial cardiac rhythm during resuscitation not shockable (asystole/pulseless electrical activity); [4]ROSC delay, time from collapse to return of spontaneous circulation; [5]Not witnessed, collapse not witnessed