Figure S2a. Annual change in the in-hospital mortality rate according to the age subgroups by dividing into units of 10 years

$\geq 80$ years ( 80 's-): $-1.11 \% / \mathrm{y}[95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.40 \%$ to $-0.83 \%], \mathrm{R}^{2}=0.94, P<0.0001$
$70-79$ years ( 70 's): $-1.06 \% / \mathrm{y}$ [ $95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.27 \%$ to $-0.84 \%$ ], $\mathrm{R}^{2}=0.96, P<0.0001$
$60-69$ years ( 60 's): $-1.02 \% / \mathrm{y}[95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.27 \%$ to $-0.77 \%], \mathrm{R}^{2}=0.94, P<0.0001$
$50-59$ years ( 50 's): $-0.93 \% / \mathrm{y}$ [ $95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.11 \%$ to $-0.74 \%$ ], $\mathrm{R}^{2}=0.96, P<0.0001$
$40-49$ years ( 40 's): $-0.77 \% / \mathrm{y}$ [ $95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.02 \%$ to $-0.51 \%$ ], $\mathrm{R}^{2}=0.90, P=0.0003$
$30-39$ years ( 30 's): $-0.41 \% / \mathrm{y}[95 \% \mathrm{CI},-0.61 \%$ to $-0.21 \%], \mathrm{R}^{2}=0.81, P=0.0024$
$20-29$ years ( 20 's): $-0.31 \% / \mathrm{y}\left[95 \% \mathrm{CI},-1.51 \%\right.$ to $-0.10 \%$ ], $\mathrm{R}^{2}=0.69, P=0.011$
Error bars indicate $95 \%$ CI. CI: confidence interval

