Supplementary Appendix

Supplement to: Ibarra-Estrada M, Gamero-Rodríguez M, García-de-Acilu M, et al. Lung Ultrasound Response to Awake Prone Positioning Predicts Intubation in COVID-19.

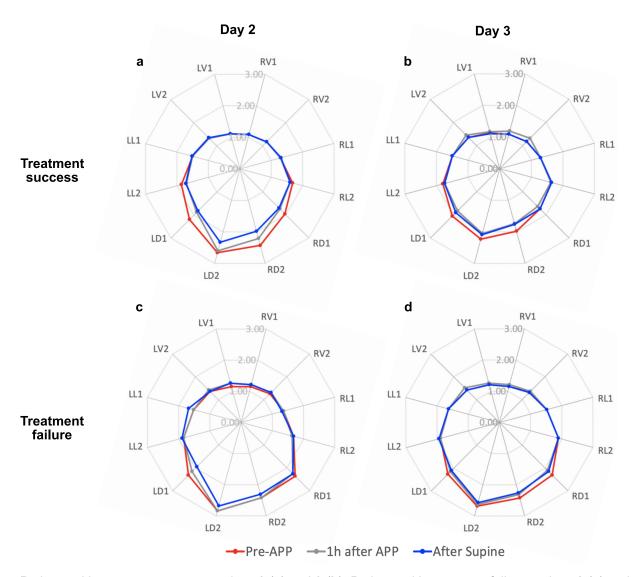
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Table S1. Values of LUS scores at the first APP session and at the 3 days of observation according to groups

	First APP session			Whole 3 days
	Pre-APP	1-h on APP	After APP	Pre-APP
Treatment success	20 (19-24)	19 (18-21)	19 (18-21)	19 (18-20)
Treatment failure	20 (18-24)	20 (18-24)	20 (19-23)	22 (20-23)

Figure S1. Response in regional LUS score after the first APP sessions of days 2 and 3.



Patients with treatment success at days 2 (a) and 3 (b). Patients with treatment failure at days 2 (c) and 3 (d). RV, right ventral; RL, right lateral; RD, right dorsal; LV, left ventral; LL, left lateral; LD, left dorsal; LUS, lung ultrasound score; APP, awake prone positioning.

Figure S2. Response in global and dorsal LUS score after the first APP session. Between subject P= 0.07 for global score and P=0.02 for dorsal score. LUS, lung ultrasound; APP, awake prone positioning. *P<0.05, compared to responders.

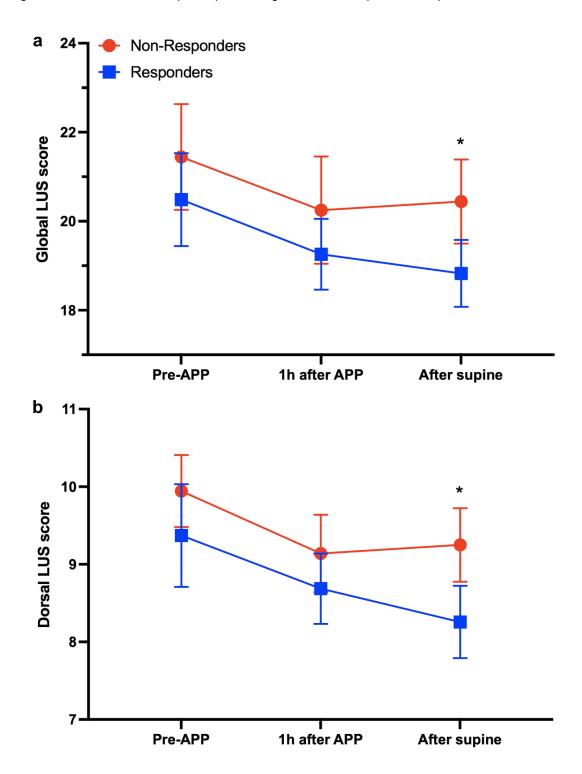


Figure S3. Correlation of mean daily duration of APP of the first 3 days with response in overall LUS score (**a**), respiratory rate (**b**) $SpO_2:F_1O_2$ ratio (**c**), and ROX index (**d**). Red and blue dots correspond to treatment failure and treatment success patients, respectively. LUS, lung ultrasound. APP, awake prone positioning.

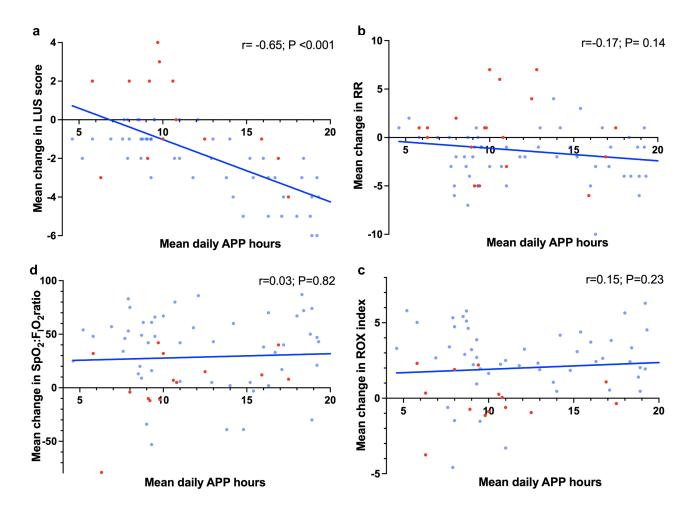


Figure S4. Mean daily duration of APP at 3 days and LUS score changes in dorsal and ventral lung zones. LUS, lung ultrasound; APP, awake prone positioning.

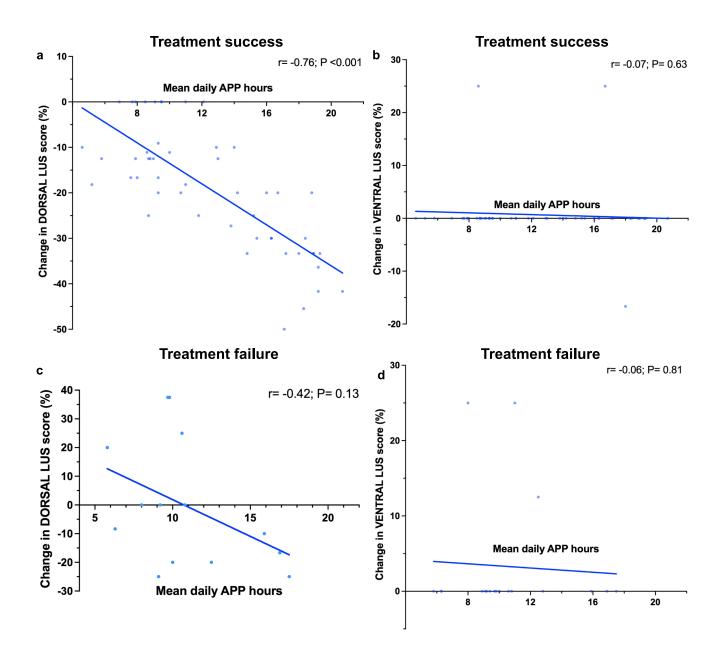


Figure S5. Responses in SpO₂:F₁O₂ ratio (**a, b, c**), ROX index (**d, e, f**), and respiratory rates at the first morning APP sessions of the 1^{st} , 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} days.

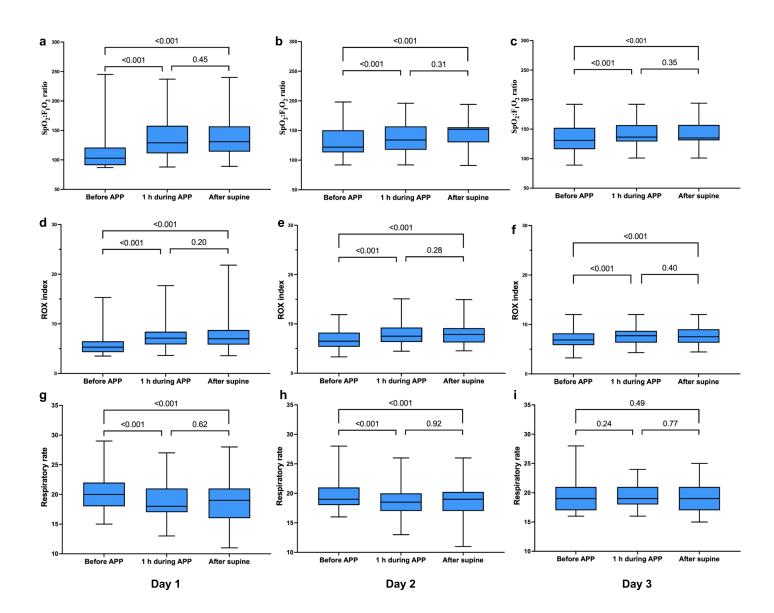


Figure S6. Correlation between response in LUS score with SpO_2 : F_1O_2 ratio, ROX index and respiratory rate at the first morning APP sessions of the 1st (**a**, **b**, **c**), 2nd (**d**, **e** , **f**) and 3rd (**g**, **h**, **i**) days. LUS, lung ultrasound; APP, awake prone positioning; RR, respiratory rate

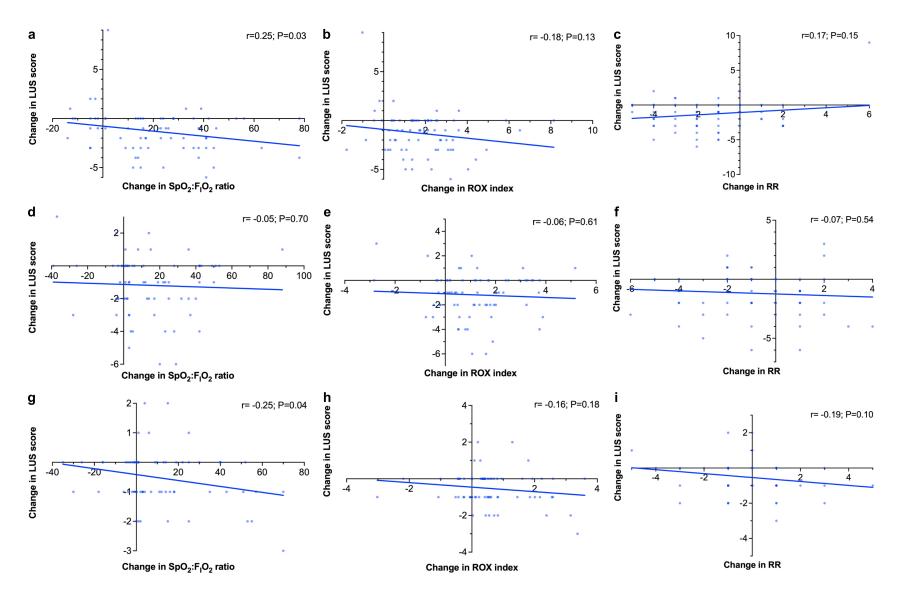


Figure S7. Comparison between areas under the ROC curves of responses to APP at the first session. ROC, receiver operating characteristic; APP, awake prone positioning.

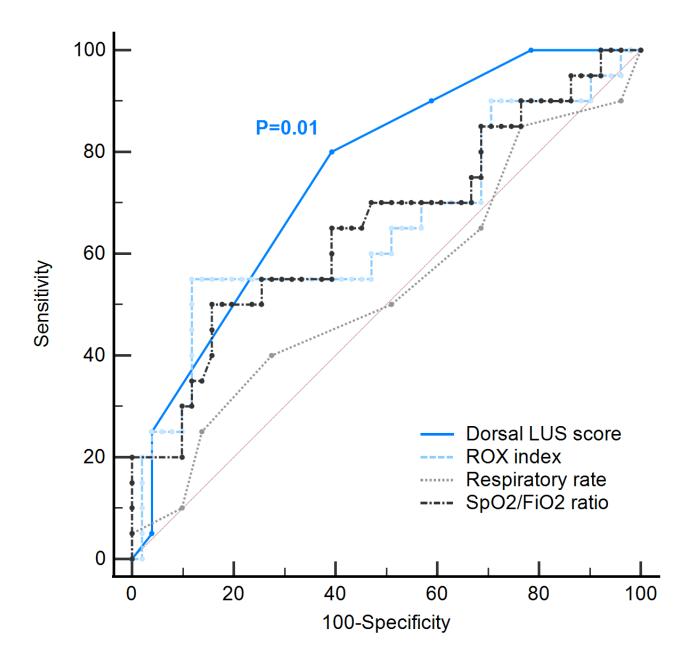


Table S2. Logistic regression to analyze the effect of ≥1 point decrease in dorsal LUS score at the first APP on the risk of intubation.

Variable	Odds Ratio	95%CI	P value
Unadjusted ∆dorsal LUS score < -1 point after return to supine at the first APP *	0.16	0.04-0.55	0.003
Adjusted by Age	0.20	0.05-0.71	0.01
Adjusted by days from COVID confirmation	0.14	0.04-0.53	0.003
Adjusted by pulmonary disease	0.16	0.04-0.59	0.005
Adjusted by chronic kidney disease	0.15	0.04-0.55	0.004
Adjusted by hypertension	0.15	0.04-0.54	0.003
Adjusted by baseline SpO ₂ :F ₁ O ₂	0.16	0.04-0.55	0.003
Adjusted by Δ-dorsal LUS score after 1h on APP	0.14	0.03-0.56	0.005
Adjusted by Δ-SpO ₂ :F ₁ O ₂ after 1h on APP (%)	0.16	0.04-0.58	0.004
Adjusted by Δ-SpO ₂ :F ₁ O ₂ after return to supine (%)	0.19	0.05-0.68	0.01
Adjusted by Δ-RR after 1h on APP	0.16	0.04-0.57	0.04
Adjusted by Δ -RR after return to supine	0.16	0.04-0.55	0.003
Adjusted by Δ-ROX after 1h on APP	0.17	0.05-0.62	0.007
Adjusted by Δ -ROX after return to supine	0.16	0.04-0.59	0.005
Adjusted by mean daily APP duration at first 3 days	0.19	0.04-0.78	0.02

^{*}All Δ-values are referred to the first session at the first day of recruitment