

Localisation of suspected pathology	Number of PET + lesions	Number of CT + lesions	CT appearance	Pathology unrelated to prostate cancer	Number of patients	Σ distant mets:
Paraaortal LN	6 (mean SUV _{max} 5,8 g/ml)	6 (mean short axis 13 mm)	oval - rounded shape		6	6 (4 solitary, 2 conglomerates)
Mediastinal/hilar LN	8 (mean SUV _{max} 3,7 g/ml)	8 (mean short axis 10 mm)	oval - rounded shape		8	8 (6 solitary, 2 conglomerates)
Axillary LN	1 (SUV _{max} 9,0 g/ml)	1 (short axis 10 mm)	rounded shape		1	1
Cervical LN	2 (mean SUV _{max} 5,6 g/ml)	2 (mean short axis 10 mm)	rounded shape		1	2 (2 conglomerates)
Skeletal	20 (mean SUV _{max} 7,1 g/ml)	20	sclerotic		4	20
Liver	1 (SUV _{max} 14,3 g/ml)	1	hypo-attenuating mass	HCC	1	-
Kidney	1 (SUV _{max} 14,2 g/ml)	1	heterogeneous mass	RCC	1	-
Σ:	39	39			22*	37

Table 4 Distribution of suspected distant metastases and incidental findings.

* Six patients with multiple sites, in total 14 with suspected distant metastases, and two with incidental findings. HCC= hepatocellular carcinoma. RCC= renal cell carcinoma.