# NIAAA Clinician's Guide



### Prescreen:

"Do you sometimes drink beer, wine, or other alcoholic beverages?"

#### NO

### **YES**

Screening complete.

Ask the screening question about heavy drinking days:

"How many times in the past year have you had...

- ...(for men) 5 or more drinks in a day?"
- ...(for women) 4 or more drinks in a day?"

One standard drink equals 12 oz. of beer, 5 oz of wine, or 1.5 oz. of 80-proof spirits (refer to chart "What's a Standard Drink?").

If the patient has had **any** heavy drinking days in the past year, the screening is positive.

### Is the screening positive?

#### NO

Advise staying within these limits:

"Based on your responses, your drinking falls under maximum drinking limits.

I recommend you (continue to) stay within these limits which are:

#### For healthy men up to age 65 -

- No more than 4 drinks in a day AND
- No more than 14 drinks in a week.

## For healthy women (and healthy men over age 65) —

- No more than 3 drinks in a day AND
- No more than 7 drinks in a week.

#### For pregnant women -

• No alcohol consumption.

## For those who have a chronic medical condition exacerbated by alcohol —

No alcohol consumption.

## For those who take medications that interact with alcohol —

No alcohol consumption.

Advise: "Keep in mind that we are here and open to talking about alcohol use or any (related health) concerns that may arise in the future."

#### **END**

#### **YES**

Your patient is a risky drinker. For a complete picture of the drinking pattern, determine the weekly average.

"On average, how many days a week do you have an alcoholic drink?"

"On a typical drinking day, how many drinks do you have?"

(Continue on page 4)

## If your patient is a risky drinker...

Assess for an alcohol use disorder by asking the following DSM-IV 2-Item Scale Questions:

"In the past 12 months, have there often been times when you had a lot more to drink than you intended to have?"	YES	NO
"In the past 12 months, have you sometimes been under the influence of alcohol in situations where you could have caused an accident or gotten hurt?"	YES	NO

- If <u>negative</u> to both DSM-IV 2-Item Scale questions, the patient is unlikely to have an AUD. Move on to assessing for medication or medical complications of use.
- If <u>positive to one</u> of the DSM-IV 2-Item Scale questions, assess patient for other AUD criteria.
- If <u>positive to both</u> DSM-IV 2-Item Scale questions, the patient meets criteria for AUD by DSM-5. Assess further for additional AUD criteria to determine severity.
- If patient has voluntarily or spontaneously reported symptoms up to this point or during assessment, record them.
- If specific assessment questions seem particularly appropriate given the patient's presentation, use those first.

# Assess elements of an Alcohol Use Disorder (AUD)

### Ask the following questions: "In the past 12 months...

Continued use despite recurrent interpersonal or social problems					
have you continued to drink even though you knew it was causing you trouble with your family or friends, or have you gotten into physical altercations while drinking or right after drinking?"	YES	NO			
Failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home due to recurrent drinking					
have you had a period when your drinking (or being sick from drinking) often interfered with taking care of your home or family, or caused problems with work or school?"	YES	NO			
Craving, strong desire or urge to use alcohol					
have you had such a strong desire to drink that it was difficult to think of anything else?"	YES	NO			
Impaired control					
have you more than once wanted to stop or cut down on your drinking, or tried more than once to stop or cut down but found you couldn't?"	YES	NO			
Tolerance					
have you found that you have to drink much more than you once did to get the effect you want, or that your usual number of drinks has much less effect on you than it once did?"	YES	NO			
Withdrawal syndrome or drinking to relieve withdrawal					
when the effects of alcohol are wearing off, have you had trouble sleeping, found yourself shaking, nervous, nauseous, restless, sweating or with your heart beating fast, sensed things that aren't really there, or had seizures?"	YES	☐ NO			
have you taken a drink or used any drug or medicine (other than over-the-counter pain relievers) to keep from having bad aftereffects of drinking, or to get over them?"	YES	□ NO			
Continued use despite recurrent psychological or physical problems					
have you continued to drink even though you knew it was making you feel depressed or anxious, causing a health problem or making one worse, or following a blackout?"	YES	NO			
Time spent related to drinking or recovering					
have you had a period when you spent a lot of time drinking, being sick, or recovering from the aftereffects of drinking?	YES	NO			
Neglect of activities					
in order to drink, have you given up or cut down on activities that were important or interesting to you or gave you pleasure?"	YES	□ NO			

• **AUD Thresholds**: If 2-3 positive = mild AUD (use clinical judgment, you can go down either risky drinking or AUD path). If positive to 4 or more criteria above, use AUD Route.

# Does the patient meet criteria for an alcohol use disorder (AUD)?

#### **YES**

Your patient has an alcohol use disorder.

State your conclusions and recommendations clearly:

"I believe that you have an alcohol use disorder. I recommend that you quit drinking and I'm willing to help."

Relate to the patient's concerns and medical findings if present.

Negotiate a drinking goal:

"Let's come up with a plan. We know that abstaining from alcohol is the safest course for most patients with alcohol use disorders. There are a couple of options. You may benefit from seeing a provider who specializes in addictions and we have some available in this clinic that I could refer you to. There are also groups that are available in the community. We could also talk with your doctor about monitoring you or exploring medications that might be helpful."

"Which of these options would you like to pursue?"

Make appropriate referrals or provide relevant information using Strategies for Cutting Down.

If not ready, acknowledge that change is difficult and state: "I'd encourage you to contact your provider if you decide you'd like any help with alcohol."

**END** 

#### NO

Your patient is still at risk for developing alcohol-related problems.

State your conclusions and recommendations clearly:

"You're drinking more than is medically safe."

Refer to chart "U.S. Adult Drinking Patterns".

"As you can see from this sheet, women (men) are advised to drink no more than 7 (14) per week, and 3 (4) per occasion. As you see in this chart, 72% of people never exceed these limits. High alcohol consumption can increase your chances of developing an alcohol use disorder. If your alcohol consumption exceeds the maximum drinking limit you may also experience a number of adverse consequences including accidents or problems with your family, work, education, or finances. You may also experience harmful health effects such as damage to your liver, gastrointestinal diseases, high blood pressure, and cancers."

"I recommend that you cut down and I'm willing to help."

"Are you willing to consider making changes to your drinking?"

# Is your (risky drinking) patient ready to make changes?

#### NO

"Ok. I'd like to restate that I am concerned about your health."

"Tell me a little about what you like about drinking versus your reasons for cutting down."

"Ok. What are the major barriers to change?"

"Great. If you decide you want to make a change you can contact your doctor or a behavioral health specialist at the clinic. Keep in mind that your doctor is here and willing to help if you decide you want to make a change."

#### **YES**

"Great. Let's set a goal to cut down within maximum limits."

"We'll agree on a plan regarding what specific steps you are going to take."

"So let's think about:

- What specific steps are you going to take?
- How are you going to track your drinking?
- How are you going to manage high risk situations?
- · Who might be willing to help you?

#### Await response.

"This sheet has several strategies for cutting down."

Paraphrase Strategies for Cutting Down.

"You can check off some to try the first week and add some others next week. Which would you like to try first?"

"Great. I encourage you to follow-up with your doctor with any questions that you might have or if you are having trouble sticking to your plan."