Supplement 3. Original AMSTAR 2 questionnaire and description of the modifications

This section provides the original version of the AMSTAR 2 questionnaire. Detailed guidance and information can be found in: Shea BJ, Reeves BC, Wells G, Thuku M, Hamel C, Moran J, Moher D, Tugwell P, Welch V, Kristjansson E, Henry DA: AMSTAR 2: a critical appraisal tool for systematic reviews that include randomised or non-randomised studies of healthcare interventions, or both. BMJ 2017;358:j4008.

1. Did the research questions and inclusion criteria for the review include the components of PICO?					
For Yes: Optional (recommended)					
	<u>P</u> opulation <u>I</u> ntervention <u>C</u> omparator group <u>O</u> utcome		Timeframe for follow-up		Yes No
2. Did the report of the review contain an explicit statement that the review methods were established prior to the conduct of the review and did the report justify any significant deviations from the protocol?					
The a writte	Partial Yes: authors state that they had a en protocol or guide that ded ALL the following:	proto	Yes: r partial yes, plus the col should be registered and ld also have specified:		
	review question(s) a search strategy inclusion/exclusion criteria a risk of bias assessment		a meta-analysis/synthesis plan, if appropriate, <i>and</i> a plan for investigating causes of heterogeneity justification for any deviations from the protocol		Yes Partial Yes No
3. Did the review authors explain their selection of the study designs for inclusion in the review?					
For Yes, the review should satisfy ONE of the following:					
	Explanation for including onl OR Explanation for including OR Explanation for including	only N	NRSI		Yes No
4. Did the review authors use a comprehensive literature search strategy?					
For F	Partial Yes (all the following):	For Y follow	es, should also have (all the ving):		
	searched at least 2 databases (relevant to research question) provided key world and/or search strategy		searched the reference lists/bibliographies of included studies searched trial/study registries		Yes Partial Yes No

	justified publication restrictions (e.g. language)		included/consulted content experts in the field where relevant, searched for grey literature conducted search within 24 months of completion of the review			
5	Did the review authors pe	rform	study selection in duplicate?			
For Yes, either ONE of the following:						
	at least two reviewers indepo eligible studies and achieved include	d cons	ensus on which studies to		Yes No	
	OR two reviewers selected a achieved good agreement (a remainder selected by one r	at least	t 80 percent), with the			
6	Did the review authors pe	rform	data extraction in duplicate?			
For `	Yes, either ONE of the followin	g:				
	at least two reviewers achieve extract from included studies OR two reviewers extracted studies <u>and</u> achieved good a with the remainder extracted	s data fr agreen	om a sample of eligible nent (at least 80 percent),		Yes No	
7	7. Did the review authors pro exclusions?	ovide	a list of exluded studies and	justi	fy the	
For F	Partial Yes:	For Y	es, must also have:			
	provided a list of all potentially relevant studies that were read in full-text form but excluded from the review		justified the exclusion from the review of each potentially relevant study		Yes Partial Yes No	
8	Did the review authors de	scribe	the included studies in adec	quate	edetail?	
	Partial Yes (ALL the wing):		Yes, should also have ALL bllowing:			
	described populations described interventions described comparators described outcomes described research designs		described population in detail described intervention in detail (including doses where relevant) described comparator in detail (including doses where relevant) described study's setting timeframe for follow-up		Yes Partial Yes No	

9. Did the review authors use a satisfactory technique for assessing the risk of bias (RoB) in individual studies that were included in the review?				
RCTsFor Partial Yes, must have assessed RoB from:For Yes, must also have assessed RoB from:				
 unconcealed allocation, and lack of blinding of patients and assessors when assessing outcomes (unnecessary for objective outcomes such as allcause mortality) 	 allocation sequence that was not truly random, and selection of the reported result from among multiple measurements or analyses of a specified outcome 	 Yes Partial Yes No Includes only NRSI 		
NRSIFor Partial Yes, must haveFor Yes, must also haveassessed RoB:assessed RoB:				
	 methods used to ascertain exposures and outcomes, and selection of the reported result from among multiple measurements or analyses of a specified outcome 	 Yes Partial Yes No Includes only RCTs 		
included in the review?				
Must have reported on the s studies included in the review	ources of funding for individual w. Note: Reporting that the rmation but it was not reported by	□ Yes □ No		
11. If meta-analysis was performed did the review authors use appropriate methods for statistical combination of results?				
□ AND they used an approp	ing the data in a meta-analysis priate weighted technique to d adjusted for heterogeneity if uses of any heterogeneity	 Yes No No meta- analysis conducted 		

For NRSI For Yes:		
 The authors justified combining the data in a meta-analysis AND they used an appropriate weighted technique to combine study results, adjusting for heterogeneity if present AND they statistically combined effect estimates from NRSI that were adjusted for confounding, rather than combining raw data, or justified combining raw data when adjusted effect estimates were not available AND they reported separate summary estimates for RCTs and NRSI separately when both were included in the review 		Yes No No meta- analysis conducted
12. If meta-analysis was performed, did the review authors asses impact RoB in individual studies on the results of the meta-a evidence synthesis?		
 For Yes: included only low risk of bias RCTs OR, if the pooled estimate was based on RCTs and/or NRSI at variable RoB, the authors performed analyses to investigate possible impact of RoB on summary estimates of effect. 13. Did the review authors account for RoB in individual studies 		Yes No No meta- analysis conducted
interpreting/discussing the results of the review?	write	
 For Yes: included only low risk of bias RCTs OR, if RCTs with moderate or high RoB, or NRSI were included the review provided a discussion of the likely impact of RoB on the results 14. Did the review authors provide a satisfactory explanation for of any between the provide a satisfactory explanation for a satisfactory explanation for any between the provide a satisfactory explanation for a satisfactory explan	 , and	Yes No d discussion
 of, any heterogeneity observed in the results of the review? For Yes: There was no significant heterogeneity in the results OR if heterogeneity was present the authors performed an investigation of sources of any heterogeneity in the results and discussed the impact of this on the results of the review 		Yes No
15. If they performed quantitative synthesis did the review autho adequate investigation of publication bias (small study bias) likely impact on the results of the review?		
For Yes:		
performed graphical or statistical tests for publication bias and discussed the likelihood and magnitude of impact of publication bias		Yes No No meta- analysis conducted

16. Did the review authors report any potential sources of conflict of interest, including any funding they received for conducting the review?					
For Yes:					
 The authors reported no competing interests OR The authors described their funding sources and how they managed potential conflicts of interest 	☐ Yes☐ No				

Description of and rationale for the modifications of AMSTAR 2

This section details the modifications of AMSTAR 2 and provides the rationale for such modifications. AMSTAR 2 is based on the current state-of-the-art. For example, prospective registration of systematic reviews has only received considerable interest over the past few years. Our work includes also some older literature. If AMSTAR 2 is used correctly, it is so strict that most SRs included in our work would be rated as low quality, therefore modifications were considered necessary.

Item 1: The following modification was made:

- The optional criterion on the "timeframe for follow-up" is excluded.

Item 2: The following modifications were made:

- The question is classified as a non-critical domain.
- While the a priori approach should be described in the publication, the methodology does not need to be pre-published.

Explanation: Registration of study protocols of reviews is expected only recently, yet the protein guideline considers literature from the last 10 years.

Item 3: The following modification was made:

The question is not included in the AMSTAR 2 overall score.

Explanation: For the protein guideline, it is sufficient to specify the types of studies included. This is already queried.

Item 4: The following modification was made

- The subitem "justified publication restrictions" is deleted.

- Explanation: The reasons are usually obvious and often not stated.
 - The answers for "partial yes" are sufficient for "yes"

Items 5 and 6: No modifications were made.

Item 7: The following modification was made

 The answers for "partial yes" and "yes" are reworded as follows: "Provided a flow chart showing the number of excluded studies and reasons for exclusion.
 A study-specific list is not required"

Explanation: The required information is often not available.

Item 8: The following modification was made:

- The answers for "partial yes" are sufficient for "yes"

Item 9: The following modification was made

The answers for "partial yes" and "yes" are reworded as follows: "A tool was used to evaluate the risk of bias of included studies".

Explanation: A large proportion of meta-analyses of RCTs use Cochrane's Risk of Bias tool, but there are other tools that do not assess "allocation concealment," for example. In addition, blinding is often challenging or not possible in nutrition studies.

Item 10: The following modification was made:

- The question is not included in the AMSTAR 2 overall score.

Item 11: The following modification was made

- The answers for "yes" are reworded as follows: "Statistical heterogeneity between trial results was assessed and the results are provided".

Item 12: The following modification was made:

- The question is not included in the AMSTAR 2 overall score.

Item 13: The following modifications were made:

- The question is classified as a non-critical domain.
- The answers for "yes" are reworded as follows: "Study quality is considered in the discussion and interpretation".

Item 14: The following modification was made:

- The answer "no meta-analysis conducted" was added.

Item 15: The following modifications were made:

The question was split into two questions

Explanation: We based this question on the question on heterogeneity. The critical domain refers to whether publication bias has been investigated. The non-critical domain refers to whether any publication bias identified was discussed.

- 1. If they performed quantitative synthesis did the review authors carry out an adequate investigation of publication bias (small study bias)?
- This question is classified as a critical domain.
- The following part of the answer option for "yes" is deleted: "or an adequate reason is provided for not performing a test".
- The following is added to the answer option for "yes": "or an adequate reason is provided for not performing a test".

Explanation: Methods for assessing publication bias in SRs with fewer than 10 individual studies are not recommended.

- 2. Did the review authors discuss the likely impact of publication bias on the results of the review?
- This question is classified as a non-critical domain.
- The answers for "yes" are defined as follows: "There was no significant publication bias" "OR if publication bias was present the authors discussed the likelihood and magnitude of impact of publication bias on the results of the review".

Item 16: No modifications were made.