

- Good's syndrome is a relatively rare immunodeficiency condition that presents in the fourth or fifth decade of life and is defined by hypogammaglobulinemia in the setting of a thymoma.
- The humoral immune system defect in Good's syndrome may be severe enough to cause an absence in B cells, with a consequent recurrence of sinopulmonary disease, chronic non-infectious diarrhea, and opportunistic infections.
- The prognosis in patients with Good's syndrome appears to be worse than in those with other humoral system defects such as X-linked agammaglobulinemia (XLA) and common variable immune deficiency (CVID).
- On rare occasions, Good's syndrome may be associated with mycobacterium and non-mycobacterial cavitary lesions in the lungs.
- Early diagnosis and treatment of Good's syndrome may help avert complications and limit morbidity and mortality.

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