

Supplementary file 2. Outcome of PROMs after respectively type A, type B or type C pelvic ring injuries

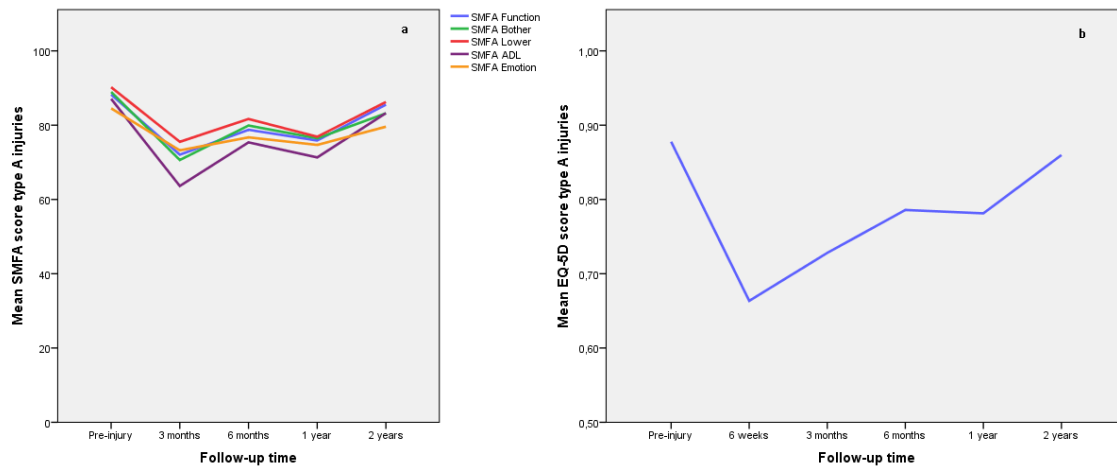


Figure 1. Scores representing recovery of physical functioning (SMFA) and quality of life (EQ-5D) over time of patients with type A pelvic ring injuries (N=117); a) SMFA scores and b) EQ-5D scores. A decrease is seen shortly after the injury at six weeks (EQ-5D) and three months (SMFA) and these gradually increased up to two years after the injury.

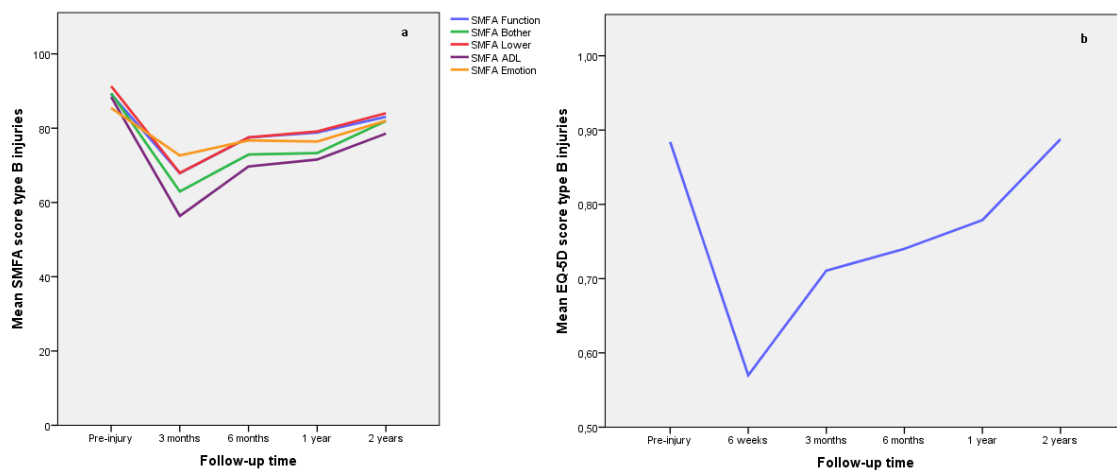


Figure 2. Scores over time of patients with type B pelvic ring injuries (N=144); a) SMFA scores and b) EQ-5D scores. After a decrease shortly after the injury, both scores continued to increase up to two years after the injury.

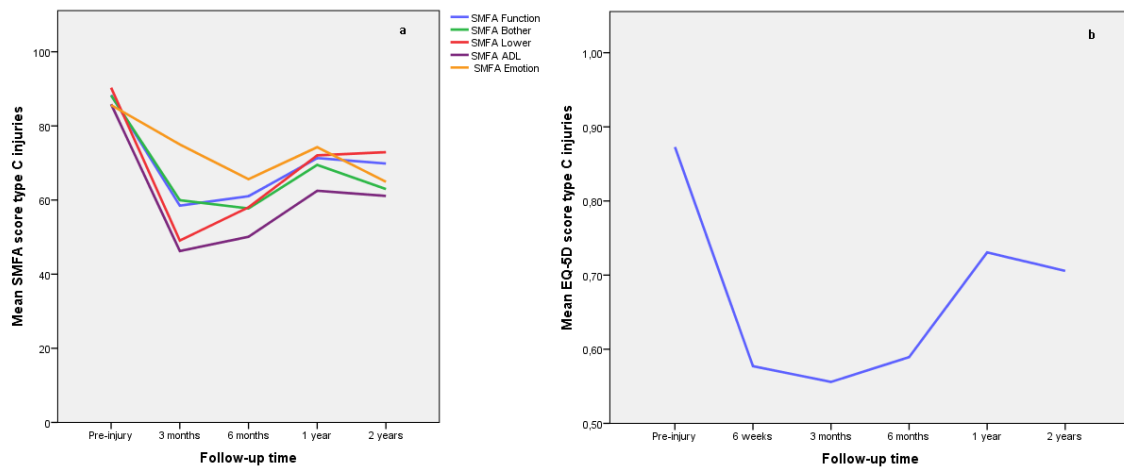


Figure 3. Scores over time of patients with type C pelvic ring injuries (N=36); a) SMFA scores and b) EQ-5D scores. The SMFA scores, indicating physical function (function index, lower extremity and ADL), dropped rapidly shortly after the injury and gradually increased after three months and reach a plateau phase after one year.